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10 OCTOBER
2020

大家說英語

Let's Talk in English

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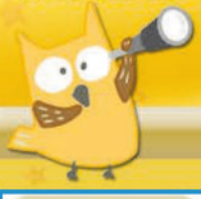


KEY WORDS

PRACTICE THEM EVERY DAY 用簡單的生字說漂亮的英語

哈單字 App 雜誌同步

Oct. 1, 2

sky (n)	[skaɪ]	天空
clear (adj)	[klɪr]	晴朗的；清澈的
object (n)	[´ɑbdʒɪkt]	物體；實物
at all (adv)	[æt][ɔl]	絲毫，根本（用於否定句和疑問句）
sunlight (n)	[´sʌnˏlaɪt]	陽光，日光
husband (n)	[´hʌzbənd]	丈夫，先生
pill (n)	[pɪl]	藥丸；藥片

Oct. 2; 5

forever (adv)	[fɔr´ɛvɚ]	永遠地
culture (n)	[´kʌltʃɚ]	文化
crazy (adj)	[´krezi]	瘋狂的，發瘋的
wheel (n)	[wil]	輪子；車輪
tire (n)	[taɪr]	輪胎
remove (v)	[rɪ´muv]	排除；移開
tube (n)	[tub]	內胎（輪胎）；管子

Oct. 5—7

repair (v)	[rɪ´pɛr]	修補；修理
outdoor (adj)	[´aʊtˏdɔr]	戶外的，室外的
trail (n)	[trel]	山林小徑；鄉間小道
steep (adj)	[stip]	陡峭的
rock (n)	[rɑk]	岩石；石頭
stream (n)	[strim]	小河，溪流
liter (n)	[´litɚ]	公升（度量單位）

Oct. 7, 8

insect (n)	[´ɪnsɛkt]	昆蟲
flashlight (n)	[´flæʃˏlaɪt]	手電筒
keep an eye on (idiom)	[kip][ən][aɪ][ɑn]	留意…；留神…
likely (adv)	[´laɪkli]	有可能地
cute (adj)	[kjut]	可愛的，逗人喜愛的
living room (n)	[´lɪvɪŋ][rum]	客廳，起居室
offer (v)	[´ɔfɚ]	主動提出；提議

Oct. 8, 9

seem (v)	[sim]	似乎；彷彿
weak (adj)	[wik]	弱的，無力的
discover (v)	[dɪs´kʌvɚ]	發現，找到
cable (n)	[´kebəl]	電線；電纜
ceiling (n)	[´silɪŋ]	天花板
switch (n)	[swɪtʃ]	開關
damage (v)	[´dæmɪdʒ]	損壞；傷害

Oct. 12, 13

interrupt (v)	[ˏɪntə´rʌpt]	打斷（其他人說話）
understand (v)	[ˏʌndɚ´stænd]	理解；明白
concern (n)	[kən´sɝn]	擔心；憂慮的事情
suggest (v)	[sə´dʒɛst]	建議；提議
idea (n)	[aɪ´diə]	主意，想法
positive (adj)	[´pɑzɪtɪv]	正面的；確定的
thought (n)	[θɔt]	想法；見解

Oct. 13, 14

discuss (v)	[dɪ´skʌs]	討論；商談
decide (v)	[dɪ´saɪd]	決定
support (n)	[sə´pɔrt]	支持；鼓勵
arrive (v)	[ə´raɪv]	到達，抵達
sign (n)	[saɪn]	掛牌；標誌
since (conj)	[sɪns] 8. been	因為；既然
all of a sudden (idiom)	[ɔl][ʌv][ə][´sʌdn̩]	突然間；出乎意料地

Oct. 14, 15

rush (v)	[rʌʃ]	（使）急速行進；（使）趕緊
custom (n)	[´kʌstəm]	風俗；習慣
rude (adj)	[rud]	不禮貌的；粗魯的
personal (adj)	[´pɝsənəl]	私人的，個人的
American (n)	[ə´mɛrɪkən]	美國人
toilet (n)	[´tɔɪlɪt]	馬桶；廁所
bathroom (n)	[´bæθˏrum]	浴室，洗手間

本雜誌音標採用American Heritage Dictionary的美式發音，如字母y在雙音節或多音節單字之字尾，發音標示為[i]

KEY WORDS

OCTOBER 2020

PRACTICE THEM EVERY DAY 用簡單的生字說漂亮的英語

Oct. 8, 9

* The door **seems** to be open.
* The light is too **weak**. I can't see.
* They **discovered** the cat's hiding place.
* Where are the computer **cables**?
* He looked up at the **ceiling**.
* He turned on the light **switch**.
* Water **damaged** the floor in here.

Oct. 12, 13

* Don't **interrupt** her speech.
* I don't **understand** the question.
* What is your **concern**?
* Can you **suggest** a good restaurant?
* Tell me your **idea**.
* He always has **positive** things to say.
* What are your **thoughts**?

Oct. 13, 14

* Let's **discuss** the boss's ideas.
* Al **decided** to take a vacation next week.
* Please give him your **support**.
* They **arrived** at the airport.
* Can you read the **sign** on the door?
* **Since** you're busy, I'll come back later.
* **All of a sudden**, the chair broke.

Oct. 14, 15

* Betty **rushed** in the house.
* Giving a birthday gift is a **custom**.
* It's **rude** to chew and talk.
* Don't ask **personal** questions.
* Many **Americans** are very friendly.
* The **toilet** is next to the sink.
* May I use your **bathroom**?

Oct. 1, 2

* The **sky** is bright blue today.
* On a **clear** night, you can see the moon.
* What is that **object** over there?
* No one had any fun **at all**.
* This room gets a lot of **sunlight**.
* Which man is Wendy's **husband**?
* Take this **pill** for your headache.

Oct. 2; 5

* I will love you **forever**!
* Chinese **culture** is very old.
* Marla does **crazy** things.
* That car is missing a **wheel**.
* Sandy's bike has small **tires**.
* **Remove** your shoes.
* Bill's bicycle tire needs a new **tube**.

Oct. 5—7

* We can **repair** the machine.
* What **outdoor** sports do you like?
* The **trail** begins here.
* This road is very **steep**.
* Walk over the **rocks**.
* The water in the **stream** moves quickly.
* My bottle can hold one **liter**.

Oct. 7, 8

* I don't like **insects**.
* Hold the **flashlight** higher.
* **Keep an eye on** the children.
* We'll **likely** get there tomorrow.
* What a **cute** little dog!
* They sat and talked in her **living room**.
* He **offered** to go to the store for her.

Using 踏進大家說英語的世界 Let's Talk in English

TEACHING
OCTOBER 2020

Level
課文難易度
分為
初、中、高
三級

Conversation
會話
請先看今日會話
預覽關鍵字
的用法

More Information
字彙小補帖
增加你在字彙上
的認識

Grammar Point
句型解析
介紹並解釋各種
文法句型

Useful Tip
文法提示
在語文用法上
提供使用要訣

Use It
句型運用
每日一句型可
依照例句多加
練習使用

Questions
今日問題
每天都有可依
照例句多加練
習使用

0 ★★ SAMPLE

朗讀雲
聆聽每日課文
Scan the code to listen to the audio reading for each article

How do you use *Let's Talk in English*? First, ***read*** the lesson and ***underline*** the words you don't know. Next, ***listen*** to the lesson. Try to understand the main idea. Finally, ***check*** your dictionary and ***practice*** what you have learned.

Conversation A

(in the office)

Susie: Hey, Greg. How do you use *Let's Talk*?

Greg: First, ***read*** the lesson and ***underline*** the words you don't know.

Susie: Can I ***check*** the words in the dictionary?

Greg: Not yet. Just try to guess the meaning of the words. Next, ***listen*** to the lesson.

Conversation B

Susie: What if I can't understand the teachers?

Greg: You don't have to understand every word. Just listen for the main idea. When you are finished, check the underlined words in the dictionary.

Susie: Is that all?

Greg: No. You should also ***practice*** what you have learned.

Susie: Thanks, Greg! Now, *Let's Talk in English*!

Key Words

read (v) [rid] 閱讀
*First, you can **read** the magazine.*

underline (v) [ˏʌndɚˊlaɪn] 在…下畫線
*Next, **underline** the words.*

listen (v) [ˊlɪsən] 聽；傾聽
*You should **listen** to the lesson.*

check (v) [tʃɛk] 查看；檢查
*I will **check** the dictionary later.*

practice (v) [ˊpræktɪs] 練習
*I **practiced** answering the questions.*

More Information

main idea (n) [men][aɪˊdiə] 主要的想法

Use It

How do you . . .?

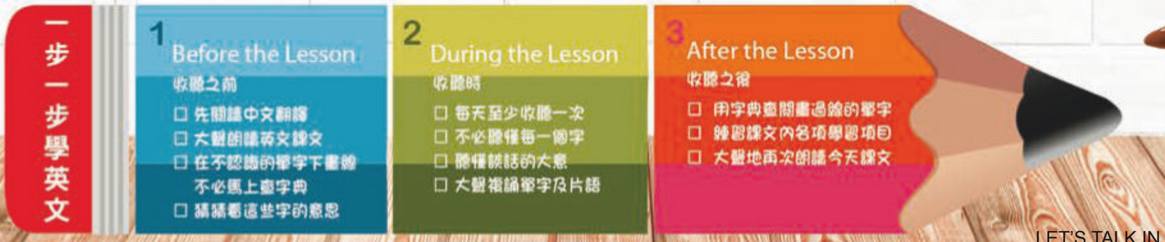
- How do you answer this question?
- How does he say this word?

Write your own!

____

Questions

1. Which words do you underline?
2. How do you use *Let's Talk*? Explain.


一步一步學英文

1 Before the Lesson
收聽之前
□ 先閱讀中文翻譯
□ 大聲朗讀英文課文
□ 在不認識的單字下畫線 不必馬上查字典
□ 猜猜看這些字的意思

2 During the Lesson
收聽時
□ 每天至少收聽一次
□ 不必聽懂每一個字
□ 聽懂談話的大意
□ 大聲複誦單字及片語

3 After the Lesson
收聽之後
□ 用字典查閱畫過線的單字
□ 練習課文內各項學習項目
□ 大聲地再次朗讀今天課文

2020
October

108 課綱核心素養

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Let's Talk in English Reading Level:
★ LOW ★★ MEDIUM ★★★ HIGH

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皎潔月亮
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◆多元文化

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如何修補漏氣的自行車輪胎
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提出建議
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你是個聰明人

Bugs All Around
蟲蟲到處有

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21款不一樣的台灣，搭配外景影片、講解教學，QR Code 隨聽隨看，讓你用英語介紹台灣也溜；每課附有句型應用練習題，學習更有效率！

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- 時間：上午9:30~12:30
- 日期：10/17(六) 台中場、11/14(六) 高雄場

詳情請見雜誌內廣告

Let's Run 空英1919陪讀路跑11/21(六)舉行

第七屆「2020 Let's Run 空英1919 陪讀路跑」因場地因素，原定10/24(六)舉辦的活動，將延至11/21(六)15:00 舉辦。空中英語教室與救助協會及主要贊助TRAVELER，誠摯邀請各位跑友持續支持，10/12(一)報名截止，詳細資訊請上官網查詢。www.letsrun.tw。

大家說英語
Let's Talk in English

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Please check our website:
www.studioclassroom.com

Welcome to LTE

大家說英語 Youtube 頻道

Susie is a reporter at LTE TV. She has a lot of pets and loves having fun.

Alice is from Florida. She spent a year in Beijing. She is the producer at the station.

Tina is from Colorado. She works in the office.

Greg is from Atlanta. He is the host of LTE TV. He loves music and tennis.

James is a sports reporter. He likes sports, cooking and playing games.

Matt is a reporter at LTE TV. He is from North Carolina and likes trying new things.

SPECIAL LESSONS

HOW TO

Meet How-to Howie.
Follow the steps to do something simple.

SERIES

Oliver Page
is Fact Man.
He knows it all.

REPORT

Visit somewhere interesting.
Or learn something more about Taiwan!

VISUAL

Can you read an ad, chart or schedule?
Then try the Activity!

TALK ABOUT IT

There's a problem.
What would you do?

OCTOBER

Calendar Phrases

MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI
Calendar Phrase 每天播出，天天學生活好句！			1 ▶ It will be cloudy tonight. 今晚會多雲。	2 ▶ Don't do anything crazy. 可別做任何瘋狂的事。
5 ▶ Find the cause. 找出原因。	6 ▶ I'll think about it. 我會考慮看看。	7 ▶ That should be enough. 那樣應該夠了。	8 ▶ That would be wonderful. 那就太好了。	9 ▶ Let's go buy a new one. 我們去買個新的。
12 ▶ I need some advice. 我需要一些建議。	13 ▶ Do you want to discuss it? 你想要討論一下嗎？	14 ▶ I need this now. 我馬上要。	15 ▶ It's not polite. 這樣不禮貌。	16 ▶ The number 4 is unlucky. 數字4很不吉利。
19 ▶ Tell me about them. 跟我聊聊他們。	20 ▶ That's not very often. 這樣沒有很頻繁。	21 ▶ I made some this morning. 我今天早上做了一些。	22 ▶ Ah, this tastes so good. 啊，這個太好喝了。	23
26 ▶ Do you have your receipt? 請問你有帶收據嗎？	27 ▶ Groomers do a lot. 寵物美容師做得蠻多的。	28 ▶ I wouldn't, either. 我也不會。	29 ▶ Don't forget to bargain! 別忘了殺價！	30 ▶ I hear it's beautiful. 我聽說是很美。

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★ 因本雜誌於9月初印刷及發行，播出頻道及時間若有異動，請以各電台10月份節目時間表為準。

★ 本雜誌備有「SUPER 光碟」（含全月廣播教學）。每月一片歡迎訂閱。

電視時間表

（週一至週六播出，每次約30分鐘）

國內

- **公共電視頻道**（第 **13** 台）**06:00**（週 一～週五）
  公視 3 台 **06:30 / 19:30**
- **華視教育體育文化台 08:00**
- **GOOD TV 好消息頻道**（第 **15** 台）**17:30**
- **群健有線電視**
  公用頻道（第 **3** 台）**07:00 / 09:00 / 20:00**
  台中資訊頻道（第 **20** 台）**11:30**
- **大台中數位有線電視**
  公用頻道（第 **3** 台）**10:00 / 15:00**
- **豐盟有線電視**
  公用頻道（第 **3** 台）**10:00**
- **大屯有線電視／台灣佳光電訊**
  公用頻道（第 **3** 台）**15:00 / 21:00**
- **慶聯有線電視／港都有線電視／新高雄有線電視／南國有線電視／鳳信有線電視**
  公用頻道（第 **3** 台）**08:00 / 23:00**（週日會選前一週其中一天的節目重播）

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廣播時間表

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★ 若收聽效果欠佳，請逕向各電台查詢

06:30	**輔大之聲** (02)29052001 **FM88.5**（新莊、板橋、樹林）
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14:00	**蘭嶼電台**（週一～週五）(089)732073 **FM99.5 / 08:00 / 19:00**（週六）
18:30	**華崗電台** (02)28610511 **FM88.5**（士林、北投）
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4. **播放當天課文朗讀**

大家說英語
2020-10-23
A SPORT FOR DOGS

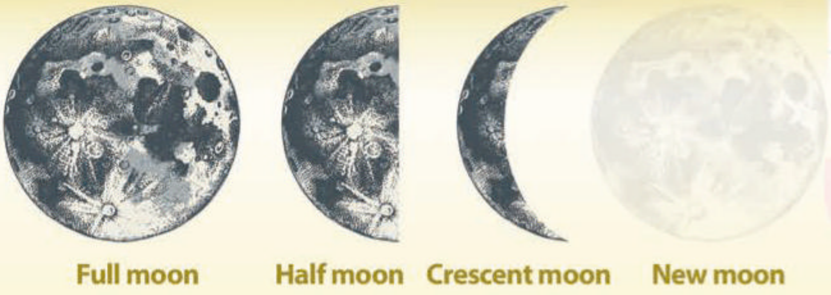
The Moon

◆ **by John Ryan** / PAGE DESIGN BY MICHELLE TI

1

Look up into the night ***sky*** on a ***clear*** night. You'll probably see stars. But the biggest and brightest ***object*** will be the moon. It's the easiest thing to find in the dark night sky. You may see a full moon, a half moon or a crescent moon. When it's time for a new moon, you see no moon ***at all***. A new moon happens when no ***sunlight*** hits the moon. The moon has no light of its own. It reflects light from the sun.

MOON PHASES



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Conversation A

(in the office)

Tina: There will be a full moon this evening, Greg. You'll have to go outside and see it.

Greg: I'd like to. But we won't see the moon tonight.

Tina: Why not? The moon will be the brightest ***object*** in the ***sky***.

Greg: I know. But it will be cloudy tonight. It's going to rain.

Tina: Oh, that's too bad! The moon is so beautiful when it's full.

Grammar Point

So we won't be able to see the moon at all tonight?

片語動詞 be able to 意即「能夠做某事」，後面要接原形動詞：

- Will she be able to do it all by herself?
  她能獨自完成所有事嗎？
- I'm sorry, I wasn't able to call you yesterday.
  對不起，昨天我沒能給你打電話。

Conversation B

Greg: The moon reflects ***sunlight***! Did you know that?

Tina: Yes! So we won't be able to see the moon ***at all*** tonight?

Greg: No. We need a ***clear*** night.

Tina: Oh.

Greg: You'll probably see a crescent moon one of these nights.

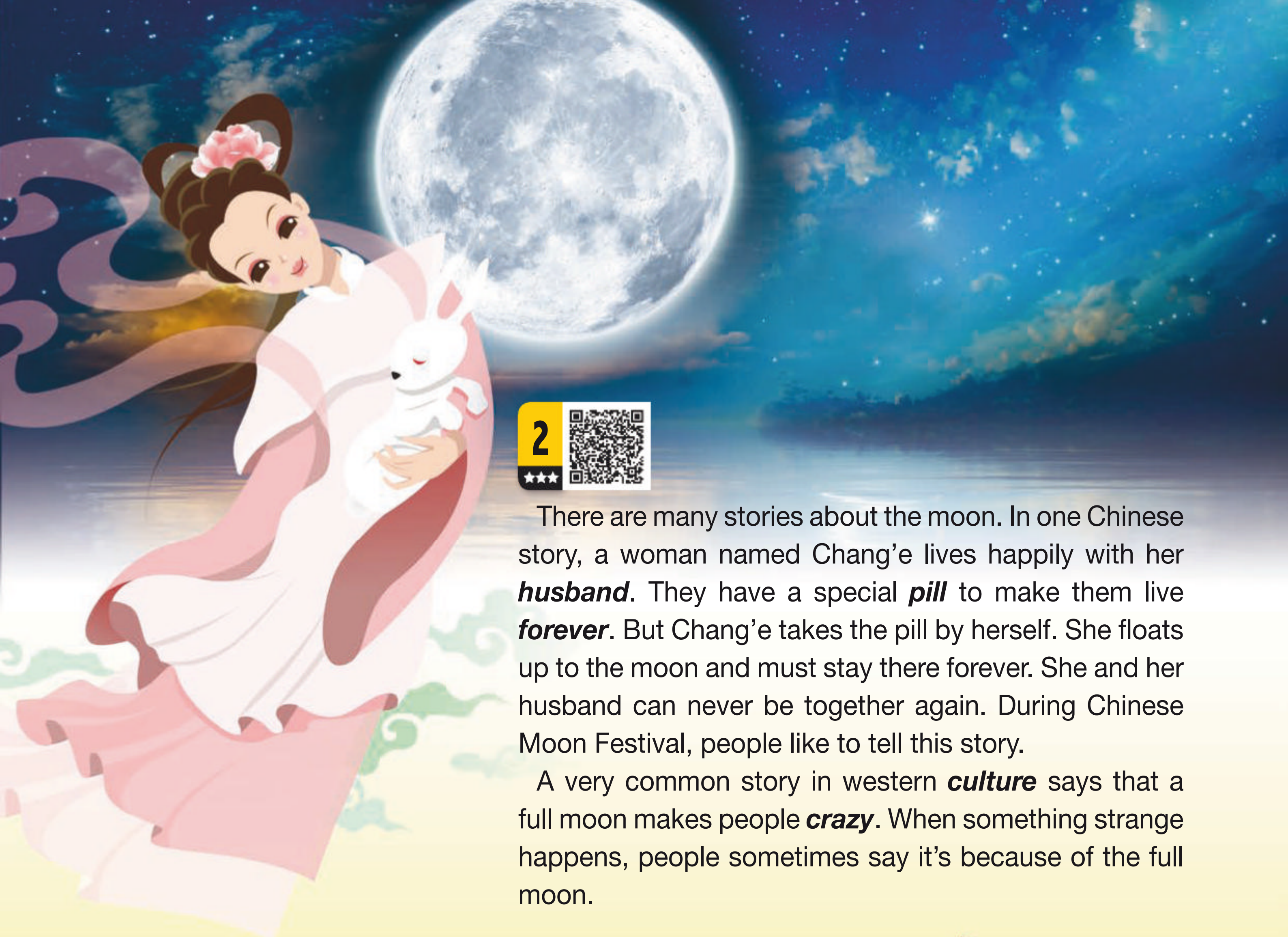
Tina: I hope so. The moon is so pretty.

Greg: The stars are, too.

Tina: Yes. I like looking at the night sky.

Questions

1. Why can't they see the full moon tonight?
2. Would you like to visit the moon? Why or why not?



There are many stories about the moon. In one Chinese story, a woman named Chang'e lives happily with her ***husband***. They have a special ***pill*** to make them live ***forever***. But Chang'e takes the pill by herself. She floats up to the moon and must stay there forever. She and her husband can never be together again. During Chinese Moon Festival, people like to tell this story.

A very common story in western ***culture*** says that a full moon makes people ***crazy***. When something strange happens, people sometimes say it's because of the full moon.

Conversation A

(in the Jungle Café)

James: Did you enjoy Moon Festival last night, Alice?

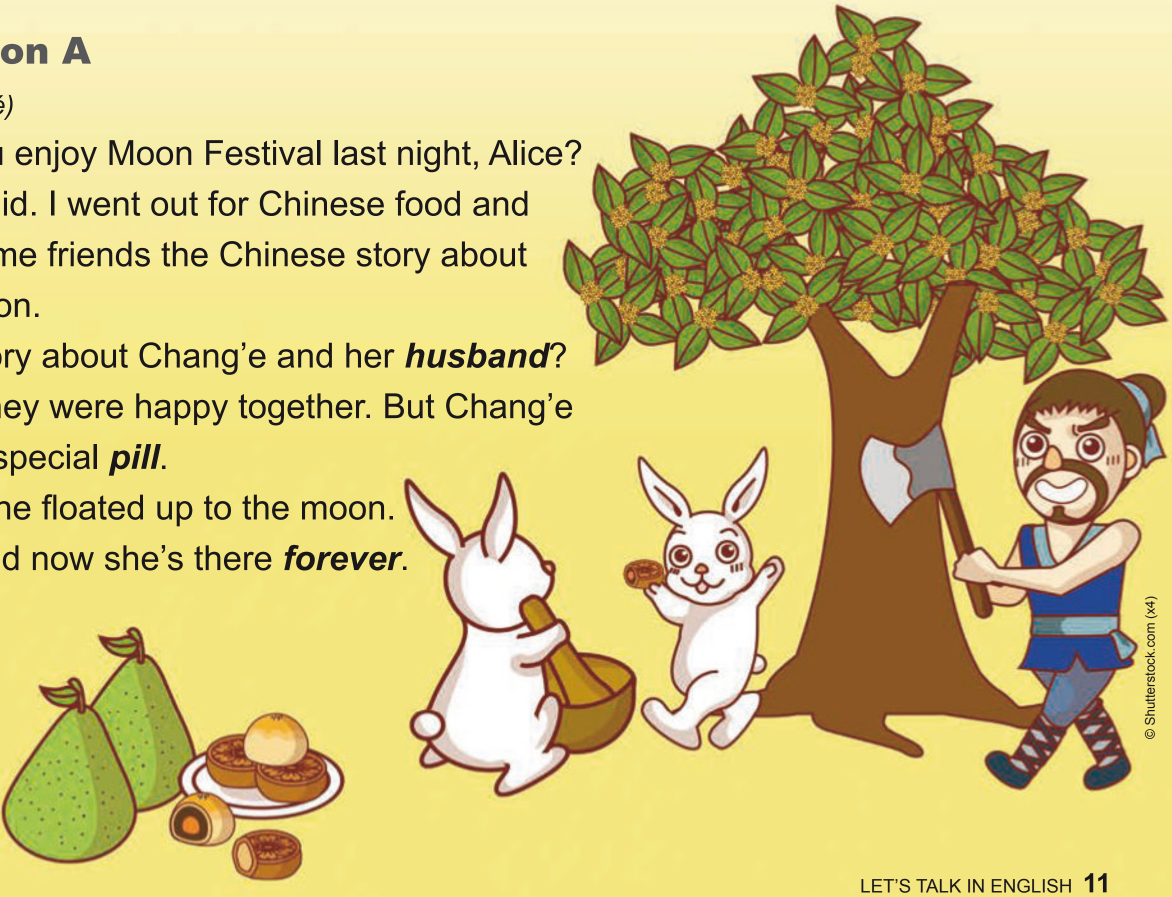
Alice: Yes, I did. I went out for Chinese food and told some friends the Chinese story about the moon.

James: The story about Chang'e and her ***husband***?

Alice: Yes. They were happy together. But Chang'e took a special ***pill***.

James: Then she floated up to the moon.

Alice: Yes, and now she's there ***forever***.



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Conversation B

James: I'd hate to be on the moon forever!

Alice: Me, too.

James: Western ***culture*** also has full moon stories, doesn't it?

Alice: Yes. One says the full moon makes people ***crazy***.

James: There might be some truth to it.

Alice: Really?

James: I've seen some strange things around full moon time. I've done crazy things myself.

Alice: Well, don't do anything crazy now. The full moon was yesterday!

Questions

1. Why does Chang'e float to the moon?
2. What's the strangest thing you've ever seen?

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Grammar Point

Well, don't do anything crazy now.

代名詞 anything 意即「任何東西，任何事情」，常用於疑問句或否定句中：

- It was too foggy, we couldn't see anything.
  霧太濃了，我們什麼也看不到。
- Did you hear anything from him?
  你有聽到任何他的消息嗎？

Key Words

sky (n) [skaɪ] 天空
*The **sky** is bright blue today.*

clear (adj) [klɪr] 晴朗的；清澈的
*On a **clear** night, you can see the moon.*

object (n) [ˊɑbdʒɪkt] 物體；實物
*What is that **object** over there?*

at all (adv) [æt][ɔl] 絲毫，根本（用於否定句和疑問句）
*No one had any fun **at all**.*

sunlight (n) [ˊsʌnˏlaɪt] 陽光，日光
*This room gets a lot of **sunlight**.*

husband (n) [ˊhʌzbənd] 丈夫，先生
*Which man is Wendy's **husband**?*

pill (n) [pɪl] 藥丸；藥片
*Take this **pill** for your headache.*

forever (adv) [fɔrˊɛvɚ] 永遠地
*I will love you **forever**!*

culture (n) [ˊkʌltʃɚ] 文化
*Chinese **culture** is very old.*

crazy (adj) [ˊkrezi] 瘋狂的，發瘋的
*Marla does **crazy** things.*

More Information

crescent (adj) [ˊkrɛsənt] 弦月的

reflect (v) [rɪˊflɛkt] 反射（光、熱、聲等）

Use It!

. . . will be the . . . in the . . .

- Sharon will be the tallest girl in the class.
- Those girls will be the busiest ones in the office.

Write your own!

____

. . . also . . ., doesn't it?

- This apartment also has a balcony, doesn't it?
- The movie also tells an exciting story, doesn't it?

Write your own!

____

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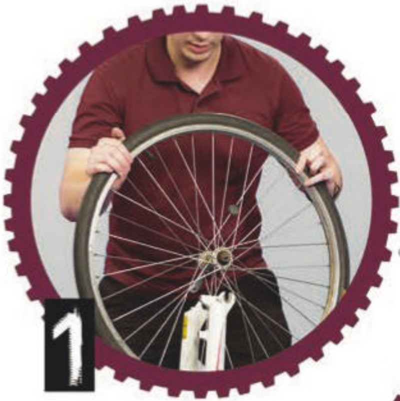
HOW TO

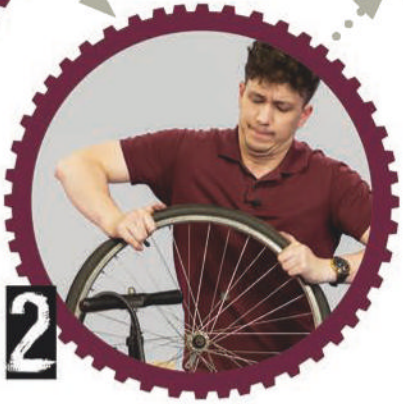
FIX A FLAT BICYCLE TIRE

by **Linda M. Chung** / PAGE DESIGN BY MICHELLE TI



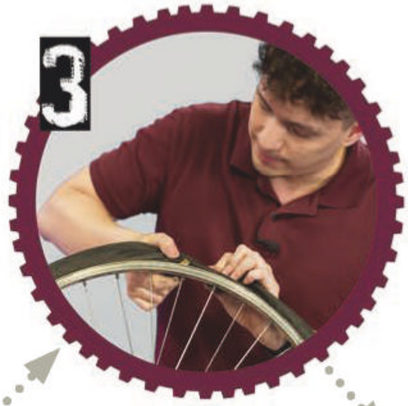
1

Take the ***wheel*** off the bicycle.



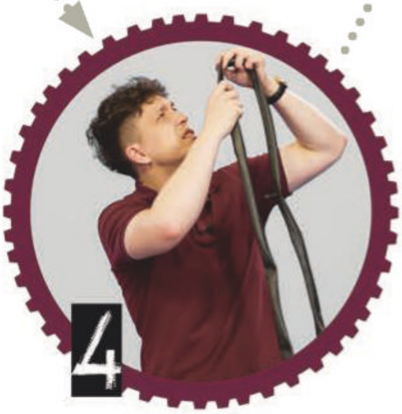
2

Let all the air out of the ***tire***.



3

Remove the inside ***tube***.



4

Find the cause of the flat tire.

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5

Repair the tube with a patch. Or use a new tube.

6

Put some air in the tube.

7

Put the tube back into the tire.

8

Fill the tire with air.

9

Put the wheel back on the bike.

Questions

1. What do you fill the tire with?
2. Do you repair things?

Say It

Fix it	請修理
Put air in the tire	給輪胎充氣
My bike has a flat tire	我的自行車輪胎漏氣了

Key Words

wheel (n) [wil] 輪子；車輪
*That car is missing a **wheel**.*

tire (n) [taɪr] 輪胎
*Sandy's bike has small **tires**.*

remove (v) [rɪ´muv] 排除；移開
***Remove** your shoes.*

tube (n) [tub] 內胎（輪胎）；管子
*Bill's bicycle tire needs a new **tube**.*

repair (v) [rɪ´pɛr] 修補；修理
*We can **repair** the machine.*

More Information

flat (adj) [flæt] 漏（洩）了氣的（輪胎或球）
patch (n) [pætʃ] 補釘，補片

Grammar Point

Put the wheel back on the bike.

片語動詞 put … back 意即「將某物放回原處」，必須是確實的、原本的地方：

- Put the books back.
  把這些書放回原處。
- Did you put my keys back? I can't find them now.
  你有把我的鑰匙放回來嗎？ 我現在找不到。

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TAKE A HIKE

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◆ by Linda M. Chung / PAGE DESIGN BY MARIA CHEN

6
★★

The weather is nice, and you need some exercise. Why not go for a hike? Hiking is a great ***outdoor*** activity. It can be easy, or it can be difficult. It depends on the hiking ***trail***. Many hiking trails are in the mountains. If the trail is ***steep***, hiking is hard work. You may have to step over ***rocks*** or hike through a ***stream***. If the trail isn't steep, hiking can be relaxing. As you hike, you can enjoy the natural scenery around you.

Conversation A

(in the Jungle Café)

Matt: Do you hike, Susie?

Susie: Sometimes. Are you going on a hike?

Matt: Yes, I want to hike Mount Pearl.

Susie: That's great!

Matt: Are you interested in going?

Susie: Is the ***trail steep***?

Matt: Some parts are.

Susie: Maybe not. I don't like difficult trails.

Matt: But there's a very nice view at the top. Take a look.

Susie: Oh, that is amazing!

Grammar Point

Are you interested in going?

片語 be interested in 意即「對…感興趣的；對…關注的」，搭配介系詞 in，後接名詞或動名詞：

- I'm interested in science.
  我對科學很感興趣。
- She is interested in knowing more about the program.
  她有興趣更多了解這個方案。

Conversation B

Matt: So what do you say?

Susie: Hiking is definitely a great ***outdoor*** activity. But . . .

Matt: We'll pass big, beautiful ***rocks***.

Susie: Do I have to climb over them?

Matt: No, but we might hike through a ***stream***.

Susie: That sounds exciting.

Matt: It is!

Susie: But not relaxing.

Matt: But you can enjoy the scenery.

Susie: True. I'll think about it, OK?

Matt: OK.

Questions

1. Where does Matt want to hike?
2. What kind of hikes do you like?

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7

When you hike, bring half a ***liter*** of water for each hour of hiking. Bring a compass, sunscreen, ***insect*** protection, snacks, a ***flashlight***, a rain jacket and a knife. You may need them in an emergency. Check the weather before you leave. And ***keep an eye on*** the sky while you're hiking. If you see a storm coming, stop and go back. Storms in the mountains can be dangerous. Before you leave for your hike, tell someone about your hike. Also tell them when you're ***likely*** to return.

Conversation A

(in the mountains)

Tina: This will be a fun hike, Greg.

Greg: It will! Do you have enough water?

Tina: I have two ***liters***.

Greg: That should be enough. You need half a liter for each hour of hiking.

Tina: I also brought ***insect*** protection, snacks, a ***flashlight*** and a rain jacket.

Greg: That's great. I also have a knife and sunscreen.

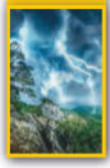
Tina: It's always good to be prepared for an emergency.

Grammar Point

This will be a fun hike, Greg.

常見字 fun 與 funny 的差異，分述如下：

1. fun — 是名詞也是形容詞，當形容詞時意即「有趣的；令人愉快的」
   - There are lots of fun things to do at home.
     在家裡有很多有趣的事可做。
2. funny — 形容詞，意即「滑稽的，好笑的，古怪的」
   - His new hat looks funny.
     他的新帽子看起來很滑稽。



Conversation B

Greg: I'll ***keep an eye*** on the sky.
Tina: What if we see a storm coming?
Greg: We'll go back. Storms in the mountains can be dangerous.
Tina: Yes, I know.
Greg: But today should be fine.
Tina: What time will we finish?
Greg: We'll ***likely*** be home by 2 p.m.
Tina: Fine. Do you have a compass?
Greg: I do. It will be helpful.
Tina: Great! Let's go!

Questions

1. How much water did Tina bring?
2. What do you bring on a hike?

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Key Words

outdoor (adj) [´aʊt͵dɔr] 戶外的，室外的
*What **outdoor** sports do you like?*

trail (n) [trel] 山林小徑；鄉間小道
*The **trail** begins here.*

steep (adj) [stip] 陡峭的
*This road is very **steep**.*

rock (n) [rɑk] 岩石；石頭
*Walk over the **rocks**.*

stream (n) [strim] 小河，溪流
*The water in the **stream** moves quickly.*

liter (n) [´litɚ] 公升（度量單位）
*My bottle can hold one **liter**.*

insect (n) [´ɪnsɛkt] 昆蟲
*I don't like **insects**.*

flashlight (n) [´flæʃ͵laɪt] 手電筒
*Hold the **flashlight** higher.*

keep an eye on (idiom) [kip][ən][aɪ][ɑn]
留意…；留神…
***Keep an eye on** the children.*

likely (adv) [´laɪkli] 有可能地
*We'll **likely** get there tomorrow.*

More Information

compass (n) [´kʌmpəs] 指南針，羅盤
protection (n) [prə´tɛkʃən] 保護物

Use It!

That sounds . . .

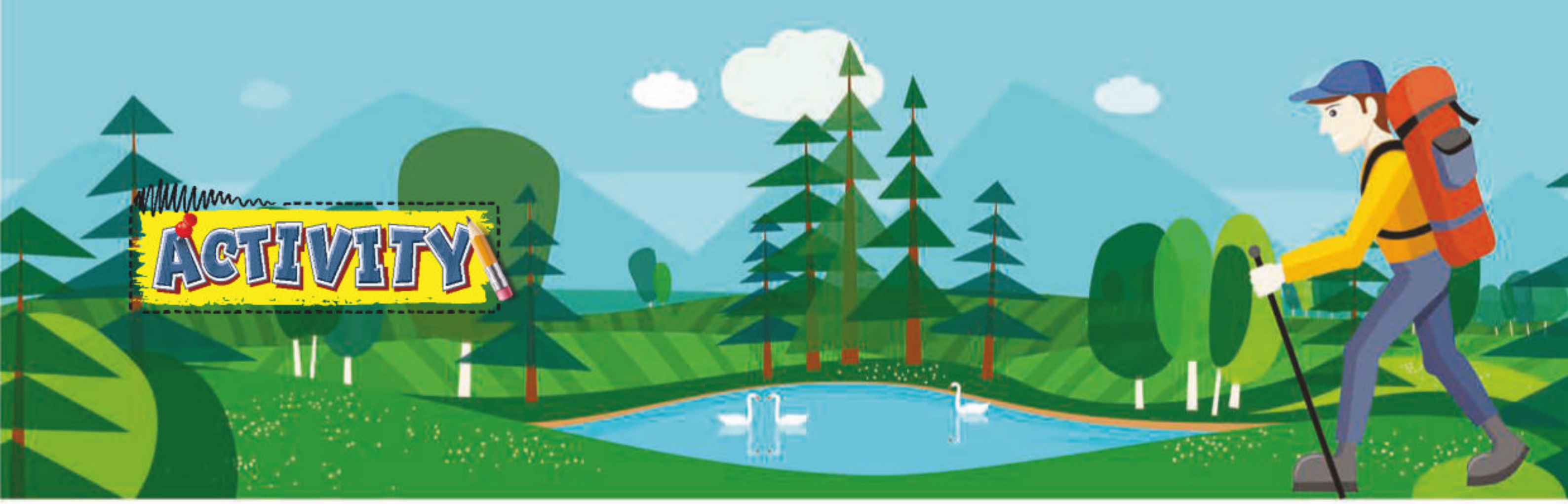
- That sounds wonderful.
- That sounds scary.

Write your own!

It's always good to . . .

- It's always good to bring extra food.
- It's always good to carry a bag.

Write your own!



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Look at the table and answer the questions.

Hiking Trails in White Mountain Park

Hours: 6 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Trail	Length	Difficulty（困難度）	Average hiking time（平均健行時間）	Notes about the trail
Lake Trail	3 km	easy	40 minutes	See birds near the lake
Pine Trail	7 km	easy	90 minutes	You pass by giant trees
Red Cliff Trail	10 km	medium	2.5 hours	You can see for miles from the top
Big Mountain Trail	15 km	hard	4 hours	Watch for falling rocks

Questions

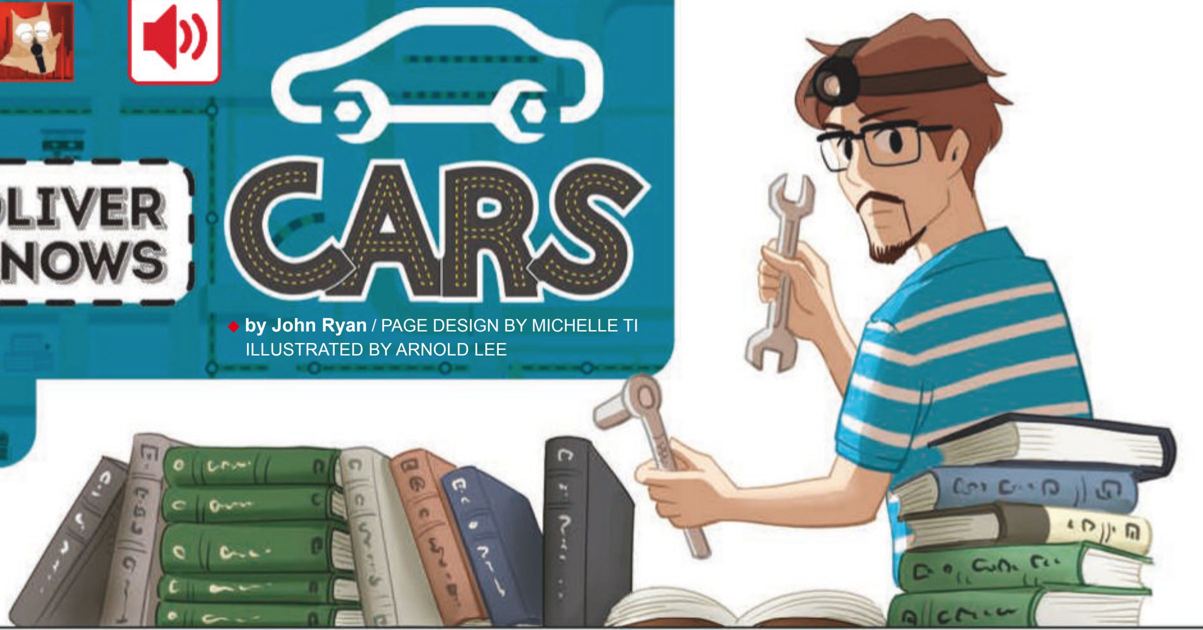
1. Which trail takes you to a beautiful view?
2. It's 6 p.m. Can you hike the Big Mountain Trail?
3. You want to hike less than two hours. Which trail should you take?
4. Which trail takes you to see ducks?
5. Which trail do you need to be most careful on?

(Answers on page 74.)

SERIES
OCTOBER 8, 9

OLIVER KNOWS CARS

by John Ryan / PAGE DESIGN BY MICHELLE TI
ILLUSTRATED BY ARNOLD LEE



8
★★

One Saturday, Oliver Page's friend Katie called him. She sounded unhappy.

"Oliver," she said. "I need help. Can you help me?"

"I hope so," replied Oliver. "What's the problem?"

"It's Felix," said Katie. "He won't start."

Katie had a ***cute*** little car. She called it Felix. And now Felix wouldn't start.

"He was fine yesterday," Katie said. "I used Felix to go shopping for some new lamps for my ***living room***."

Oliver ***offered*** to look at Felix.

"Oh, could you?" said Katie. "That would be wonderful!"

"Don't get too excited," replied Oliver. "I don't know much about cars."

Katie wasn't surprised. Oliver didn't have a car, and he wasn't good at fixing things. But he knew a lot of facts about a lot of things.

Grammar Point

She sounded unhappy.

形容詞 unhappy 意即「不開心的、不快樂的」，在 happy 前面加上 un-，表示「反轉或除去原來的動作」：

- I have no time to unpack.
  我沒有時間打開行李整理。
- After we sing happy birthday, you can unwrap your presents.
  唱完生日快樂歌之後，你就可以打開禮物了。

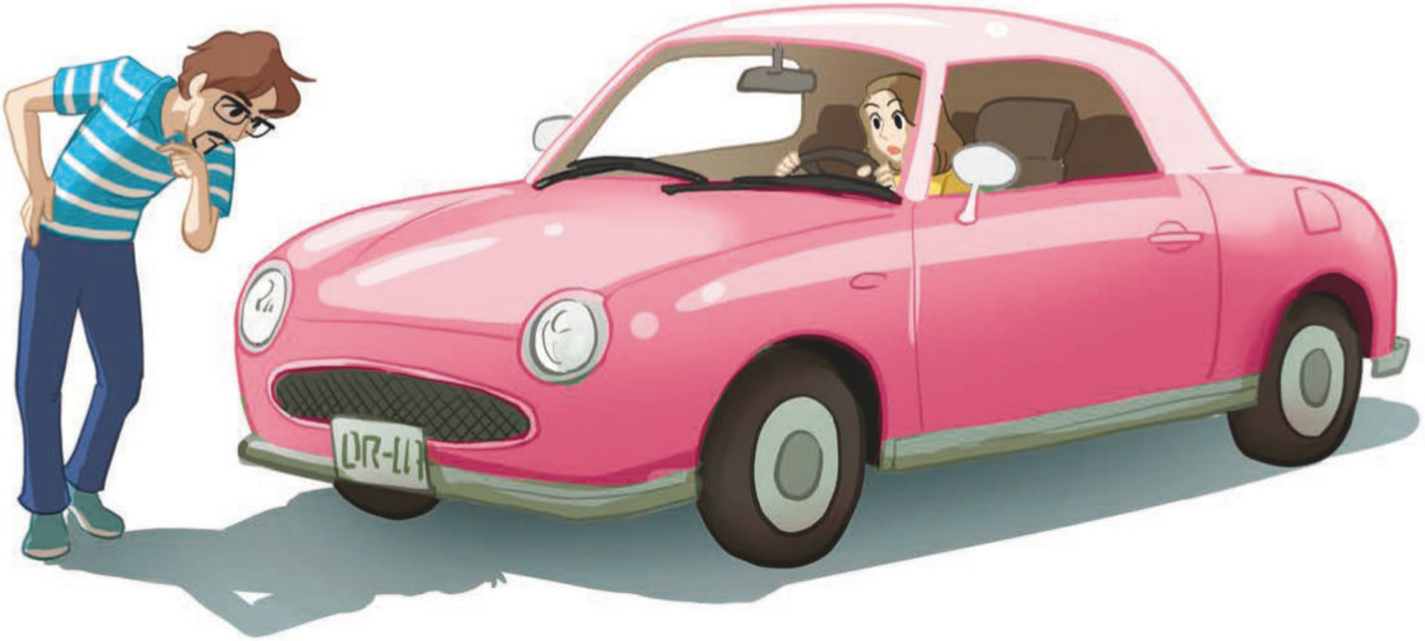
"A few weeks ago, I read some books about car repair," Oliver said. "I'll be there soon."

A few minutes later, Oliver and Katie were looking at Felix. Katie got into the car and turned the key. Nothing happened.

"Turn on the headlights, please," said Oliver.

Katie turned on Felix's headlights. They were not very bright.

"Why did you ask me to turn on the lights?" asked Katie.



"To check Felix's battery," Oliver replied. "That's the first thing to check when a car won't start. Your battery ***seems*** to be quite ***weak***."

Questions

1. What did Oliver read a few weeks ago?
2. Who do you call when you need help?

9 ★★★

Oliver explained that the battery didn't have enough power to start the car.

"But why is the battery so weak?" Katie asked. "It should be fine. It's only a year old."

"Ah, that's what we need to ***discover***!" Oliver answered.

Oliver looked at Felix's engine. He pulled on some ***cables***.

"What are you doing, Oliver?" asked Katie.

Grammar Point

He looked around inside the car.

片語動詞 look around 意即「環顧四周」：

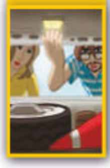
- The couple looked around the room.
  這對夫婦四處看了看這個房間。
- I spent the afternoon looking around my new school.
  我花一下午繞了新學校一圈。

"Looking for bad cables," Oliver replied. "But they all look OK to me."

Oliver got into the driver's seat. He looked around inside the car. He turned on the ***ceiling*** light. Just like the headlights, it was not very bright. He turned it off again.

"People sometimes leave this light on," Oliver told Katie. "That can drain the battery after a day or two. But you didn't leave it on."

Oliver got out of the car, went around to the back and opened the trunk.



"Ah-ha!" Oliver said. "Here's the problem."

"What?" asked Katie.

"The light in your trunk is hot. That means it has been on while your trunk was closed," said Oliver. "It should only be on when the trunk is open."

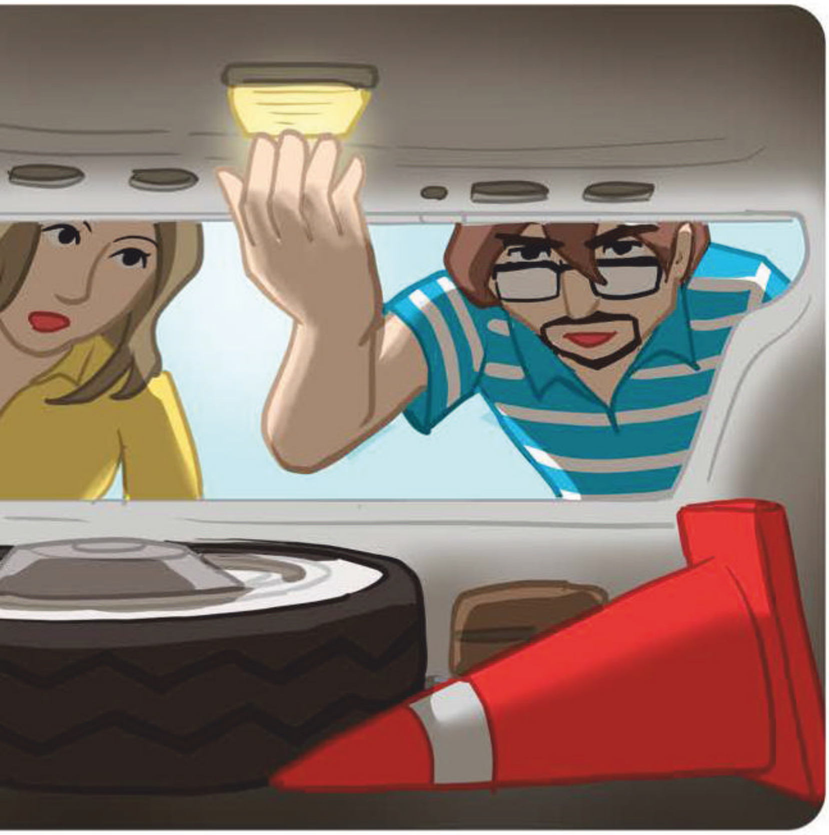
Oliver guessed the trunk light ***switch*** wasn't working right.

"Maybe you ***damaged*** it with those lamps you bought," he said. "The light has probably been on and draining the battery. Let's go buy a new switch!"

Questions

1. What did Oliver do when he looked at the engine?
2. What do you own that uses batteries?

Want to try something harder? Try *Studio Classroom*!



Key Words

cute (adj) [kjut] 可愛的，逗人喜愛的
*What a **cute** little dog!*

living room (n) [ˊlɪvɪŋ][rum] 客廳，起居室
*They sat and talked in her **living room**.*

offer (v) [ˊɔfɚ] 主動提出；提議
*He **offered** to go to the store for her.*

seem (v) [sim] 似乎；彷彿
*The door **seems** to be open.*

weak (adj) [wik] 弱的，無力的
*The light is too **weak**. I can't see.*

discover (v) [dɪsˊkʌvɚ] 發現，找到
*They **discovered** the cat's hiding place.*

cable (n) [ˊkebəl] 電線；電纜
*Where are the computer **cables**?*

ceiling (n) [ˊsilɪŋ] 天花板
*He looked up at the **ceiling**.*

switch (n) [swɪtʃ] 開關
*He turned on the light **switch**.*

damage (v) [ˊdæmɪdʒ] 損壞；傷害
*Water **damaged** the floor in here.*

More Information

headlight (n) [ˊhædˏlaɪt] 車前大燈
battery (n) [ˊbætəri] 電池
drain (v) [dren] 消耗
trunk (n) [trʌŋk] 行李箱（汽車後部）

Use It!

A(n) . . . later, . . . was/were . . .

- An hour later, I was eating my dinner.
- A week later, they were taking a vacation.

Write your own!

____

. . . explained that . . . didn't . . .

- I explained that I didn't believe in monsters.
- He explained that he didn't plan to move.

Write your own!

____

18+

WHAT IS
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有你一路
孩子的愛不缺角

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Give Some Advice

by Ruth Devlin / PAGE DESIGN BY MICHELLE TI
ILLUSTRATED BY ARNOLD LEE

12 ★

Someone asks you for advice. What do you do? First, ask about their problem. Then listen to them and don't ***interrupt***. Don't give your opinion. Just let them talk. Try to ***understand*** their ***concern***. Next ask questions. You can ***suggest*** some ***ideas***, too. But don't make decisions for them. Let them consider their possible choices. You can say things like, "Maybe you can . . ." or "Try . . ." That may help them.

Conversation A

(in the office)

Matt: I need some advice, Alice.
Alice: Sure, Matt. What's the problem?
Matt: It's not a big problem.
Alice: Tell me your ***concern***. Then I can ***understand***.
Matt: Well, a nice old woman lives in the apartment next to me.
Alice: OK. So?
Matt: She bakes a lot. She often brings me cupcakes or muffins.
Alice: That's not a problem!
Matt: Don't ***interrupt***.
Alice: Sorry. Go on.

Conversation B

Matt: But I can't eat them all! What do you ***suggest***?
Alice: Maybe you can tell her that.
Matt: No! I can't hurt her feelings! What else do you suggest?
Alice: Maybe you can give them away.
Matt: Maybe.
Alice: Oh! Bring them to the office. You can try that.
Matt: Good ***idea***! James and Greg can eat them!
Alice: Yes! So can I!

Questions

1. Who lives next to Matt?
2. Who lives next to you?

Useful Tip

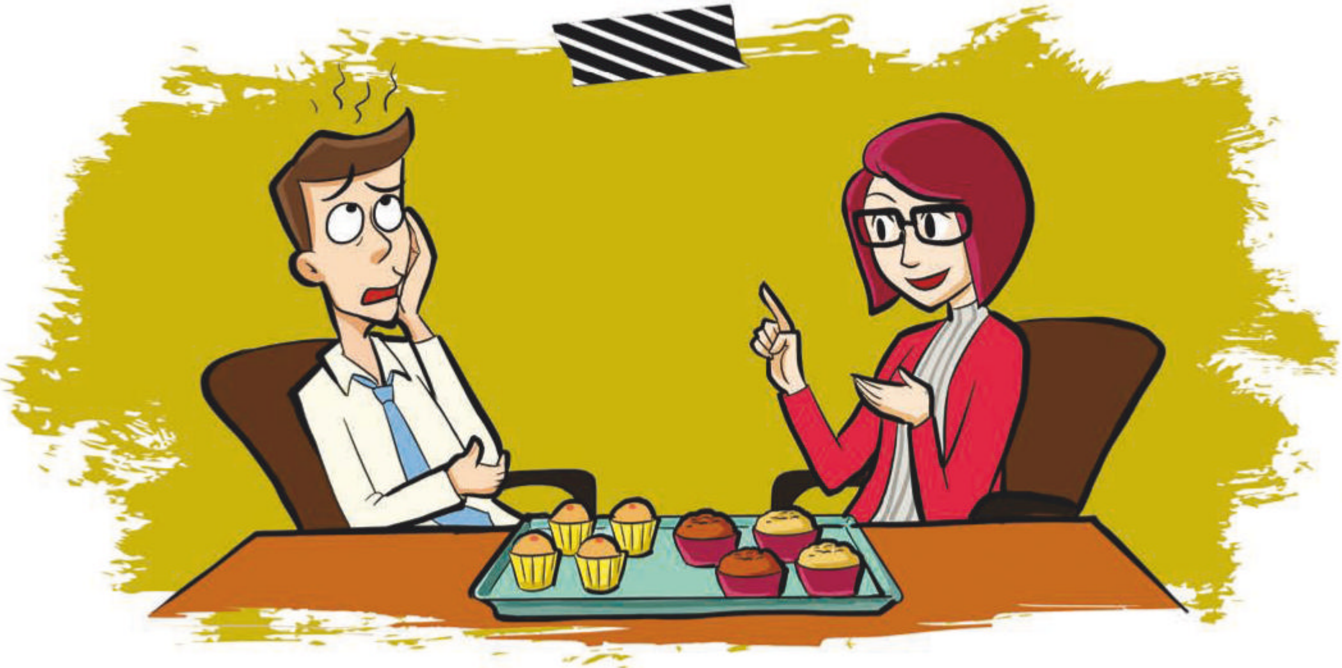
Go on.

片語動詞 Go on 意即「繼續做某件事」：

- Please go on with what you're doing.
  請繼續你在做的事。
- Before we go on, are there any questions?
  在我們繼續之前，請問有沒有問題？

13
★★

Listening to others is very important. People are more likely to trust your advice. Be sure to be ***positive***, too. Believe in them and their ability to make good decisions. Ask for their ***thoughts*** and ideas. What do they think they should do? You can suggest some ideas, too. Make a list and ***discuss*** each possible idea. What is good about it? What is bad about it? This may help them ***decide***. People often know the right thing to do. They just need ***support***.



Conversation A

(in the studio)

Susie: What are you thinking about, James?

James: I have to make a decision. I'm thinking about it.

Susie: Do you want to ***discuss*** it? Maybe I can help you ***decide***.

James: Well, it's not that important. My friends asked me to join their basketball team.

Susie: What's wrong with that?

James: Nothing. I like to play basketball. But they practice every night during the season.

Grammar Point

But they practice every night during the season.

介系詞 during 意即「在…的期間」，表示在一段時間之內發生的事情：

- Deserts are very hot during the day.
  沙漠在白天時非常炎熱。
- Feel free to ask me questions during the break.
  休息時間歡迎提問。

Conversation B

Susie: What are your ***thoughts***?

James: Well, I don't really want to be busy every night for six to eight weeks.

Susie: Then say no.

James: But I like playing with these guys. We'd win a lot of games.

Susie: But you'd need to practice a lot.

James: That's the problem!

Susie: Well, you'll make the right decision. I'm ***positive***.

James: Thanks for your ***support***, Susie.

Questions

1. What did James' friends ask him to do?
2. Would you like to join a sports team? Which sport?

Key Words

interrupt (v) [ˌɪntəˊrʌpt] 打斷（其他人說話）
*Don't **interrupt** her speech.*

understand (v) [ˌʌndɚˊstænd] 理解；明白
*I don't **understand** the question.*

concern (n) [kənˊsɝn] 擔心；憂慮的事情
*What is your **concern**?*

suggest (v) [səˊdʒɛst] 建議；提議
*Can you **suggest** a good restaurant?*

idea (n) [aɪˊdiə] 主意，想法
*Tell me your **idea**.*

positive (adj) [ˊpɑzɪtɪv] 正面的；確定的
*He always has **positive** things to say.*

thought (n) [θɔt] 想法；見解
*What are your **thoughts**?*

discuss (v) [dɪˊskʌs] 討論；商談
*Let's **discuss** the boss's ideas.*

decide (v) [dɪˊsaɪd] 決定
*Al **decided** to take a vacation next week.*

support (n) [səˊpɔrt] 支持；鼓勵
*Please give him your **support**.*

More Information

ability (n) [əˊbɪlɪti] 能力

Use It!

Tell me . . .

- Tell me about your family.
- Tell me the answer.

Write your own!
____

. . . asked me to . . .

- The teacher asked me to talk to her after class.
- My best friend asked me to help her.

Write your own!
____

ACTIVITY

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Give Some Advice

Finish the sentences with “should” or “shouldn’t” and one of the phrases below.

should / shouldn't +

see a doctor

turn down your music

listen to her

have a party

worry so much

look for another one

Example: You can’t find your hat. You should look for another one.

1. You have a terrible cough. You ________________________.
2. It’s after midnight. You ____________________________.
3. Scott’s birthday is tomorrow. We ___________________________.
4. She always gives you bad advice. You _____________________.
5. You’ll do fine on your test. You ________________________.

(Answers on page 74.)

ADVICE
SUPPORT
GUIDANCE
HELP

Where's Paul?

14 ★★

◆ by Manya Cramer / PAGE DESIGN BY MARIA CHEN

Andrew and Paul both work in an ice cream store. They are not only coworkers but also friends. Today, the two friends are working together. Their work hours are 11:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Andrew and Paul ***arrive*** at the ice cream store at 11:15 in the morning. Their manager isn't there today. So Andrew and Paul open the store by themselves. They get everything ready.

At 11:30 they change the ***sign*** on the door from "Closed" to "Open." ***Since*** it's a cold day, they don't expect many customers.

Grammar Point

They are not only coworkers but also friends.

句型 not only A but also B 意即「不但…而且…」，用來表示「兩者皆有」的情況，是對等連接詞，兩者的詞性和時態需要「對稱相等」：

- This speech is not only long but also boring.
  這篇演講又長又無聊。
- The singer is not only talented but also kind.
  那位歌星不但有才能，也很親切。

❶ "Hey, Andrew," says Paul. "Do you want to go to tonight's Blue Cars concert?"

❷ "Do you have tickets?" asks Andrew.

❸ "Not yet," says Paul. "But a friend has extra tickets."

❹ "Sure," says Andrew.

❺ "Great!" says Paul. "Let me ask my friend to save the tickets for us."

MENU
Vanilla
Chocolate
Strawberry
Single
Double
Daily Special

Vanilla
Chocolate
Strawberry
Single
Double
Daily Special

In the afternoon, Paul gets a call. He has to get the tickets now. He promises to be right back. He leaves.

Several minutes go by. ***All of a sudden***, the manager ***rushes*** in.

"I need you and Paul to complete this order now!" says the manager. "It's important!"

The manager looks around.

"Where's Paul? I need this now!"

Andrew feels really nervous.

What should he say about Paul?

STUDIO CLASSROOM

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Questions

1. Where do Andrew and Paul work?
2. Are you friends with your coworkers?

Key Words

arrive (v) [əˊraɪv] 到達，抵達
*They **arrived** at the airport.*

sign (n) [saɪn] 掛牌；標誌
*Can you read the **sign** on the door?*

since (conj) [sɪns] 因為；既然
***Since** you're busy, I'll come back later.*

all of a sudden (idiom) [ɔl][ʌv][ə][ˊsʌdn̩]
突然間；出乎意料地
***All of a sudden**, the chair broke.*

rush (v) [rʌʃ] （使）急速行進；（使）趕緊
*Betty **rushed** in the house.*

More Information

concert (n) [ˊkɑnsɚt] 音樂會

Use It!

Let me . . .
- Let me check the time.
- Let me call the store.

Write your own!

____

Don't Do That!

◆ by Ruth Devlin

PAGE DESIGN BY VITALIA CHANG
ILLUSTRATED BY ARNOLD LEE

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15 ★★

When you go to another country, you should follow their ***customs***. If people consider something bad or ***rude***, don't do it. In the United States, asking ***personal*** questions is not polite. Don't ask people how old they are or how much money they make. Don't ask how much they paid for something.

Americans also don't like to use the word "***toilet***." They use the words "restroom" or "***bathroom***." Other impolite things include cutting in line and not respecting someone's personal space.

Conversation A

(in the Jungle Café)

James: Hi, Tina. What's wrong?

Tina: I was in line at the store. Then someone cut in front of me! How ***rude***!

James: Maybe they're not from here.

Tina: Huh?

James: Different countries have different ***customs***. Something may be OK in one place but not in another.

Tina: That's true. In Asia, it's OK to ask someone how old they are. But ***Americans*** think it's rude.

James: Right. It's not polite.

Conversation B

Tina: Americans also don't like ***personal*** questions. We don't ask, "How much money do you make?"

James: Chinese do, but that's OK.

Tina: Right. Chinese customs are different.

James: Americans don't like the word "***toilet***." We don't say, "Where's the toilet?"

Tina: No. We ask for the "restroom" or "***bathroom***."

James: And Americans don't like people to stand too close to them.

Tina: Yes. We respect the personal space of others.

Questions

1. What word don't Americans like?
2. Do you ask personal questions? Why or why not?

Grammar Point

We don't ask, "How much money do you make?"

動詞 make 常見的有「製造、做」的意思，而 make money 則表示「賺錢」之意：

- How do people make money around here?
  這裡的人如何賺錢維生？
- He makes money by selling fruit at the market.
  他靠在市場賣水果來賺錢。

16 ★★★

What is polite in one culture may not be in another. For ***example***, in Nepal, people never share food from the same plate. After food has been ***touched*** by one person, it's considered unclean. It shouldn't be eaten by someone else. In Indonesia, it's ***impolite*** to leave any food on your plate or in your bowl. Finishing all your food shows that you're ***thankful*** for the ***meal***. In Chinese culture, the number 4 is considered ***unlucky***. Don't give someone four of something. And don't ever give a clock as a gift. It's also unlucky.

Grammar Point

Can you give me some examples?

本句 give example 意即「舉例說明」，動詞用 give：

- Can you give me an example of fruit?
  你能舉出一個水果作為例子嗎?
- Let me give you another example of what I'm talking about.
  讓我再舉一個例子說明我在說什麼。

Conversation A

(in the studio)

Greg: Welcome to the program, Tony Taboo!

Tony: Thank you, Greg.

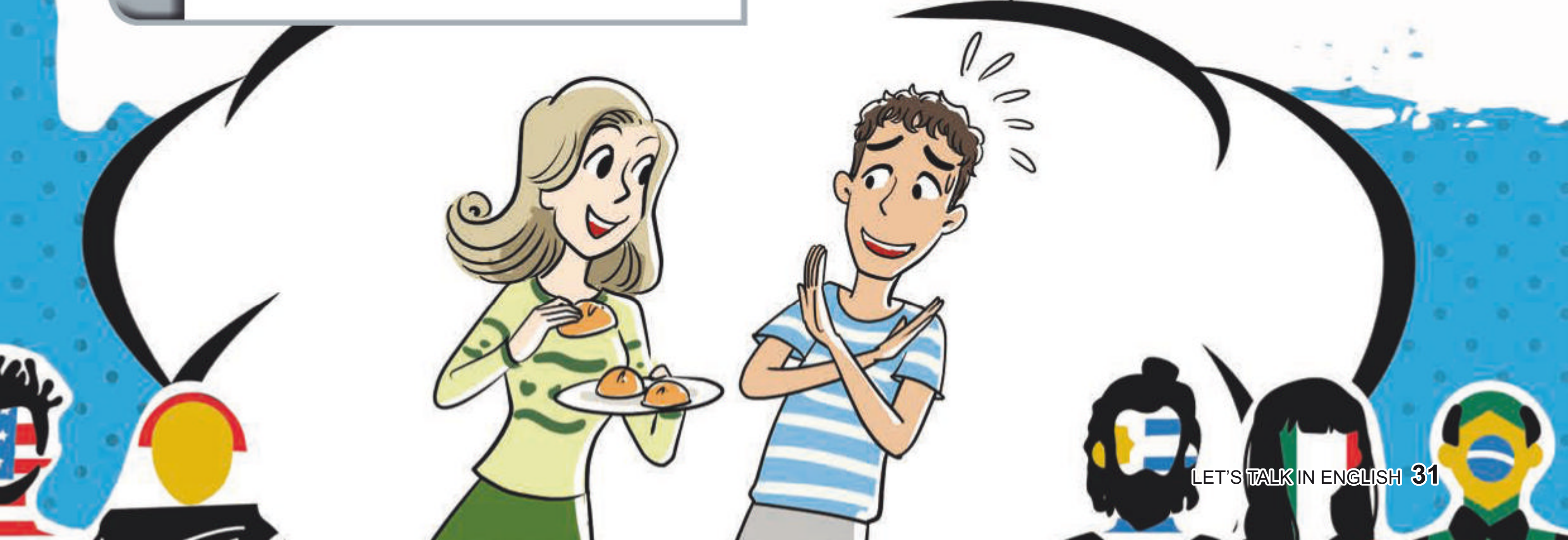
Greg: Let's talk about other cultures and customs.

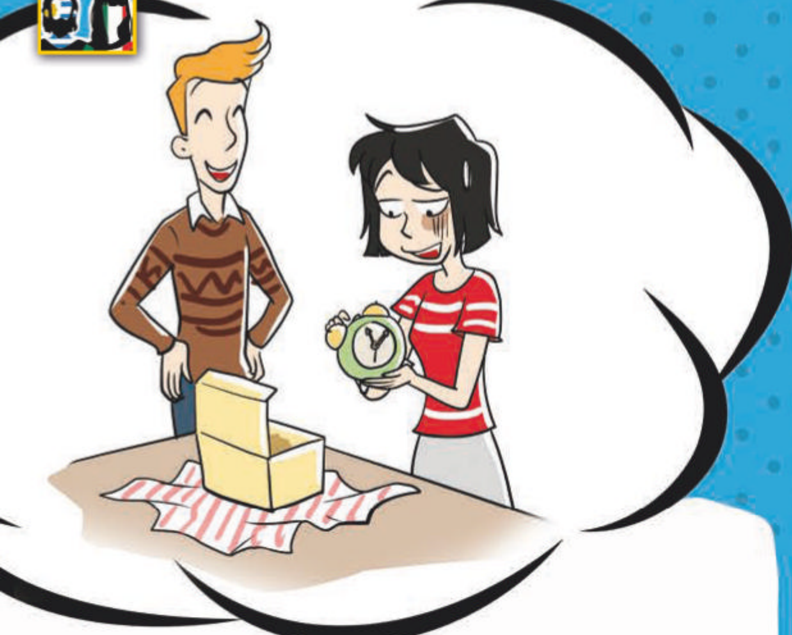
Tony: OK. What is polite in one culture may not be in another.

Greg: Can you give me some ***examples***?

Tony: Well, in Nepal, people don't share food from the same plate. After food has been ***touched*** by one person, it's considered unclean.

Greg: Really! Americans often taste each other's food.





Conversation B

Tony: In Indonesia, it's ***impolite*** to leave any food on your plate.
Greg: Really! Why?
Tony: Finishing all your food shows that you're ***thankful*** for the ***meal***.
Greg: That's important.
Tony: And in Chinese culture, the number 4 is ***unlucky***.
Greg: Interesting.
Tony: So don't give anyone four of something.
Greg: I'll remember that! What else?
Tony: Don't ever give someone a clock as a gift.
Greg: Got it.

Questions

1. What don't people do in Nepal?
2. What is impolite in your culture?

Want to try something harder? Try *Studio Classroom*!

Key Words

custom	(n)	[ˊkʌstəm]	風俗；習慣	*Giving a birthday gift is a* ***custom****.*
rude	(adj)	[rud]	不禮貌的；粗魯的	*It's* ***rude*** *to chew and talk.*
personal	(adj)	[ˊpɝsənəl]	私人的，個人的	*Don't ask* ***personal*** *questions.*
American	(n)	[əˊmɛrɪkən]	美國人	*Many* ***Americans*** *are very friendly.*
toilet	(n)	[ˊtɔɪlɪt]	馬桶；廁所	*The* ***toilet*** *is next to the sink.*
bathroom	(n)	[ˊbæθˏrum]	浴室；洗手間	*May I use your* ***bathroom****?*
example	(n)	[ɪgˊzæmpəl]	範例，實例	*Here is an* ***example*** *of the problem.*
touch	(v)	[tʌtʃ]	碰，觸摸	*Don't* ***touch*** *that. It will break.*
impolite	(adj)	[ˏɪmpəˊlaɪt]	不禮貌的，粗魯的	*It's* ***impolite*** *to interrupt someone.*
thankful	(adj)	[ˊθæŋkfəl]	感謝的，感激的	*I'm so* ***thankful*** *for your help!*
meal	(n)	[mil]	（一頓）飯，（一份）餐點	*That was a wonderful* ***meal****.*
unlucky	(adj)	[ʌnˊlʌki]	不吉利的；運氣不好的	*Jim is* ***unlucky****. He never wins anything.*

Use It!

Someone . . . in front of . . .

- Someone is standing in front of the door.
- Someone sat in front of me.

Write your own!

____

What is . . . may not be . . .

- What is important to you may not be important to me.
- What is right for us may not be right for them.

Write your own!

____

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Who Is in Your Family?

by Manya Cramer / PAGE DESIGN BY VITALIA CHANG

19

Most people have a family. But families are different ***sizes***. Some are small. They are just one or two ***parents*** and a child. The child may be a son or a ***daughter***. Other families are large. They have many children. What about your family? How many ***members*** are in your family? Who are they? What ***ages*** are your brothers and sisters? What do you do together? Tell someone about your family.

© Shutterstock.com (x5)

Conversation A

(in the Jungle Café)

James: Hi, Alice. What is that?
Alice: Oh, this is a picture of my family!
James: Tell me about them.
Alice: OK. These are my ***parents***.
James: Your mother looks kind.
Alice: She is.
James: And you're just like your dad!
Alice: Well, I am his ***daughter***.
James: Yes. You have the same nose.
Alice: And he and I have the same eyes.

Grammar Point

Your mother looks kind.

現在式主詞為第三人稱單數時，根據字尾不同，需在動詞後加上 -s 或是 -es：

- He wears a cool jacket.
  他穿了一件很酷的夾克。
- She teaches me math every day.
  她每天教我數學。

Conversation B

James: Who are the other ***members*** of your family?

Alice: These are my sisters, Emma and Hannah.

James: You're the tall one among your sisters.

Alice: I am. My sisters are small in ***size***. But they're very strong.

James: Are you close to them?

Alice: Yes! We're all close in ***age***. So we have many things in common.

James: That's good.

Questions

1. How many sisters does Alice have?
2. How many members are in your family?

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20 ★★

How well do you know your extended family? An extended family includes grandparents, ***aunts***, uncles and ***cousins***. Some people see their extended family members often, because they live ***near*** one another. But many people only see their extended family members once or ***twice*** a year. They just get together on holidays. Some families have reunions. They plan a day or two to spend time with one another. A family reunion is a great way to ***catch up***, meet new family members and share stories.

Conversation A

(in the office)

Susie: How are you, Matt?

Matt: I'm great! And you?

Susie: Good. My ***aunt*** just sent me an invitation.

Matt: To what?

Susie: To a family reunion! We'll have it next spring.

Matt: That sounds like fun.

Susie: We have a family reunion ***twice*** a year ***near*** my parents' home.

Matt: Nice. My family only has a reunion every five years.

Susie: That's not very often.

Grammar Point

My family only has a reunion every five years.

名詞 reunion 意即「團聚，聚會」，是 union「結合；合併」，前面再加上字首 re- 為「再次的，重複的」，相似用法如下：

- We're having a class reunion next week.
  我們下週有一個同學會。
- I'll redo it again tomorrow.
  我明天會重新再做一次。

© Shutterstock.com (x2)

Conversation B

Matt: Do you go to every family reunion?

Susie: I try to. I like to see all my aunts, uncles and ***cousins***.

Matt: That's good. What are your family reunions like?

Susie: Everyone in my extended family brings food. We eat and ***catch up***.

Matt: You must have a lot of food to eat!

Susie: Yes. My cousin Anna loves to cook.

Matt: And everyone loves to eat!

Questions

1. Who sent Susie an invitation to a family reunion?
2. Does your family have reunions?

Key Words

size (n) [saɪz] 尺寸；大小
*What is the **size** of the town?*

parent (n) [´pɛrənt] 父親或母親
*My **parents** are here.*

daughter (n) [´dɔtɚ] 女兒
*His **daughter** is 2 years old.*

member (n) [´mɛmbɚ] 成員，一分子
*There are four **members** in the band.*

age (n) [edʒ] 年齡
*What is the dog's **age**?*

aunt (n) [ænt / ant] 姑姑；阿姨；嬸嬸；伯母；舅媽
*Cathy's **aunt** is kind.*

cousin (n) [´kʌzən] 堂（表）兄弟姊妹
*Jerry and Monica are **cousins**.*

near (adj) [nɪr] 近的，接近的
*I live **near** the beach.*

twice (adv) [twaɪs] 兩次
*I brush my teeth **twice** a day.*

catch up (phr v) [kætʃ][ʌp] 了解最新情況
*Let's **catch up** another time.*

More Information

extended (adj) [ɪk´stɛndɪd] 延伸的
reunion (n) [rɪ´junjən] 團聚，聚會

Use It!

This is a . . .

- This is a house.
- This is a boat.

Write your own!

____

What are . . . like?

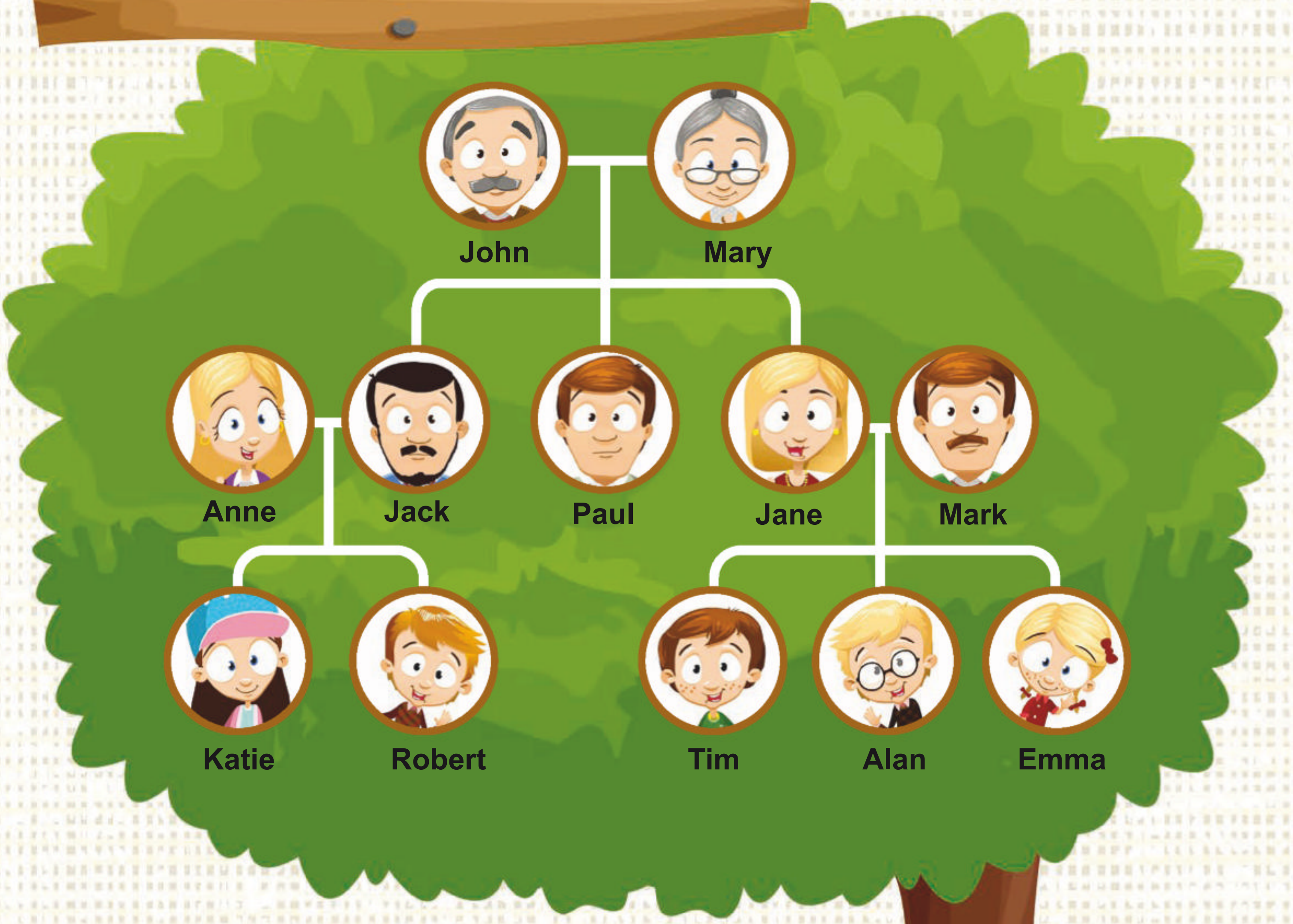
- What are the business meetings like?
- What are the concerts like?

Write your own!

____

ACTIVITY A Family Tree

Look at the family tree and answer the questions.


John
Mary
Anne
Jack
Paul
Jane
Mark
Katie
Robert
Tim
Alan
Emma

Questions

1. How many grandchildren do John and Mary have?
2. Paul is Katie's __________________.
3. Robert is Emma's _________________.
4. Tim is Anne's _________________.
5. Emma is Jack's ________________.

(Answers on page 74.)

FALL FOOD & DRINK

21 ★★

by Manya Cramer / PAGE DESIGN BY VITALIA CHANG

When ***autumn*** arrives, people want fall food. When they think of fall, they think of certain kinds of food. They look for anything ***pumpkin***. People use this popular ***vegetable*** in dishes and desserts. There's pumpkin soup, pumpkin ***pie*** and pumpkin ***bread***. Many people also like the taste of apples in fall. They often make apple pies, applesauce and caramel apples. Those are all sweet and yummy desserts. They are not too hard to make at home. What do you like to eat in autumn?

Conversation A

(in the office)

Matt: Hey, Tina. What are you eating?

Tina: I'm eating applesauce. I made some this morning.

Matt: Nice. When I was a kid, my mom always made applesauce in ***autumn***.

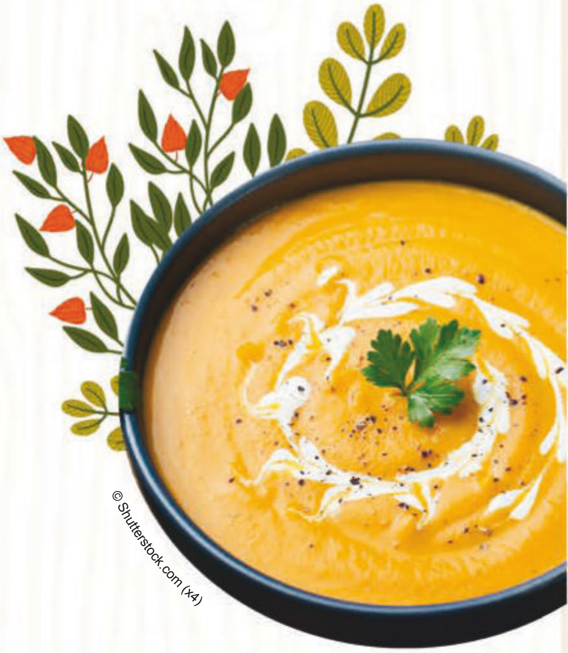
Tina: Mine, too. And she made ***pumpkin pie***.

Matt: Mmm. I love pumpkin pie. It tastes like fall!

Tina: Doesn't it? Now I really want some pumpkin pie!

Matt: Maybe you can bake one later.

Tina: Maybe I will!



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Useful Tip

When I was a kid, my mom always made applesauce in autumn.

慣用語 When I was a kid, 意即「我小的時候…」：

- When I was a kid, I always brought my own lunch to school.
  我小的時候都是自己帶便當上學的。
- When I was a kid, I always slept with my teddy bear.
  我小的時候都要和我的泰迪熊一起睡。

Conversation B

Matt: You can bring some to the office and share.
Tina: I'll be sure to do that. I can also make caramel apples.
Matt: And can you bake pumpkin ***bread***, too?
Tina: I won't have time for that. I have a job, Matt!
Matt: I know. I just really like pumpkin.
Tina: Me, too. You can make so many things with it.
Matt: I know! Pumpkin is my favorite ***vegetable***!

Questions

1. What is Tina eating?
2. What is your favorite fall food?

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22

★★

Fall is the ***perfect*** time for hot drinks because the weather is ***finally*** cool. In fall, many people like the taste of pumpkin flavor. Pumpkin spice ***latte*** and pumpkin spice tea are popular drinks. These drinks have all kinds of spices. Many cafés only ***sell*** these pumpkin drinks in fall. When the season ends, you must ***wait*** another year to buy them. In fall, people also enjoy hot apple cider. Apple cider is like apple juice, but it has spices in it. What are your favorite fall drinks?

Grammar Point

It's finally cold enough for a hot drink.

副詞 enough 意即「足夠地、充分地」，for 後面可接人或事物：

- The dress is long enough for me.
  這件洋裝對我來說夠長。
- This room is big enough for the party.
  這個場地辦派對夠大。

Conversation A

(in the Jungle Café)

Alice: Ah, this tastes so good.
Greg: What tastes so good, Alice?
Alice: This cup of hot apple cider.
Greg: I love hot apple cider in fall.
Alice: Yes. It's ***finally*** cold enough for a hot drink.
Greg: I want to order something, too. What should I get?
Alice: You should get a pumpkin spice ***latte***!
Greg: A pumpkin spice latte sounds ***perfect***!

Conversation B

Alice: Oh, no. Look here. You can't get a pumpkin spice latte today.

Greg: Why? Did they ***sell*** them all?

Alice: Yes. They're very popular this time of year. Try pumpkin spice tea.

Greg: I'm not sure about that.

Alice: The flavor is like pumpkin spice latte. It has the same spices in it.

Greg: I'll ***wait*** and get a latte tomorrow. I'll have apple cider now.

Questions

1. What does Alice tell Greg to order first?
2. What fall drinks do you like?

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Key Words

autumn (n) [ˊɔtəm] 秋天，秋季
__Autumn__ is a beautiful season.

pumpkin (n) [ˊpʌmpkɪn] 南瓜
Look at that big __pumpkin__!

vegetable (n) [ˊvɛdʒtəbəl] 蔬菜
Do you eat a lot of __vegetable__s?

pie (n) [paɪ] 派，餡餅
Joe baked an apple __pie__.

bread (n) [brɛd] 麵包
Let's eat some banana __bread__.

perfect (adj) [ˊpɝfɪkt] 最恰當的，完美的
What a __perfect__ idea!

finally (adv) [ˊfaɪnəli] 最後；終於
My birthday is __finally__ here.

latte (n) [ˊlɑte] 拿鐵咖啡（加許多牛奶）
Sally buys a __latte__ every day.

sell (v) [sɛl] 賣
We don't __sell__ that here.

wait (v) [wet] 等待，等候
__Wait__ for the phone to ring.

More Information

applesauce (n) [ˊæpəlˏsɔs] 蘋果醬
caramel (n) [ˊkærəməl / ˊkɑrəməl] 焦糖
spice (n) [spaɪs] 香料（調味用）
apple cider (n) [ˊæpəl][ˊsaɪdɚ] 蘋果原汁（未過濾）

Use It!

I'll be sure to . . .

- I'll be sure to tell Mark.
- I'll be sure to remember that.

Write your own!

____

What should I . . .?

- What should I do tomorrow?
- What should I take to the party?

Write your own!

____

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A Sport for Dogs

◆ **by Campbell Chang and Ruth Devlin** / PAGE DESIGN BY MARIA CHEN

23

People often say that a dog is man's best friend. That's because dogs have a special relationship with their ***owners***. Dogs can be a lot of fun, but they can also be a lot of work. Dogs need exercise. Many dog owners take their dog for walks. But some owners do more. They want their dogs to learn some ***skills***. So they take their dogs to a dog sports center.

© Shutterstock.com (x3)

Dog agility is a sport for dogs. In the sport, owners ***direct*** their dogs through an agility ***course***. Owners use their voices and some hand signs to tell their dogs what to do. When dogs become really good at agility, owners can enter them in a competition. In the competition, dogs go through the course as fast as they can. The dog with the fastest time and the fewest mistakes wins.

Grammar Point

The dog with the fastest time and the fewest mistakes wins.

句中 with 後接的是贏得獎勵的條件，用以修飾主詞 The dog：

- The player with the highest points wins.
  得分最高的玩家獲勝。
- The contestant with the closest guess wins.
  猜得最接近的參賽者獲勝。

A FRIEND FOR LIFE

How does someone teach a dog to run an agility course? The owner teaches each skill ***separately***. Then the dog and owner practice going from one skill to another. To help the dog do well, the owner gives it treats. To get the treats, the dog does what the owner asks it to do. Once the dog learns the course, it does the skills without treats. The dog does them because it's fun!

Questions

1. What do dogs need?
2. Do you think dog agility would be fun to do? Why or why not?

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Key Words

owner (n) [´onɚ] 主人；所有者
*I am the **owner** of three cats.*

skill (n) [skɪl] 技能，技巧
*What **skills** do you have?*

direct (v) [dɪ´rɛkt] 指揮
*The policeman is **directing** traffic.*

course (n) [kɔrs] 競賽場地；球場
*Follow the **course** to play the game.*

separately (adv) [´sɛpɚətli] 各自地；單獨地
*They arrived at school **separately**.*

More Information

relationship (n) [rɪ´leʃən͵ʃɪp] 關係
agility (n) [ə´dʒɪlɪti] 敏捷
competition (n) [͵kɑmpə´tɪʃən] 競賽

Use It!

. . . what . . .

- They finish what they need to do.
- The children eat what they want to.

Write your own!

____

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Do You Need a Receipt?

by Linda M. Chung / PAGE DESIGN BY VITALIA CHANG

26

Conversation A

(in the store)

Susie: What are you buying at the ***department store*** today, Alice?

Alice: Nothing. I'm returning something.

Susie: What are you returning?

Alice: These pants.

Susie: Are they the wrong size?

Alice: No. The size is right. But I want a different color.

Susie: You don't like white?

Alice: I do. But I need blue pants.

Susie: Do you have your ***receipt***?

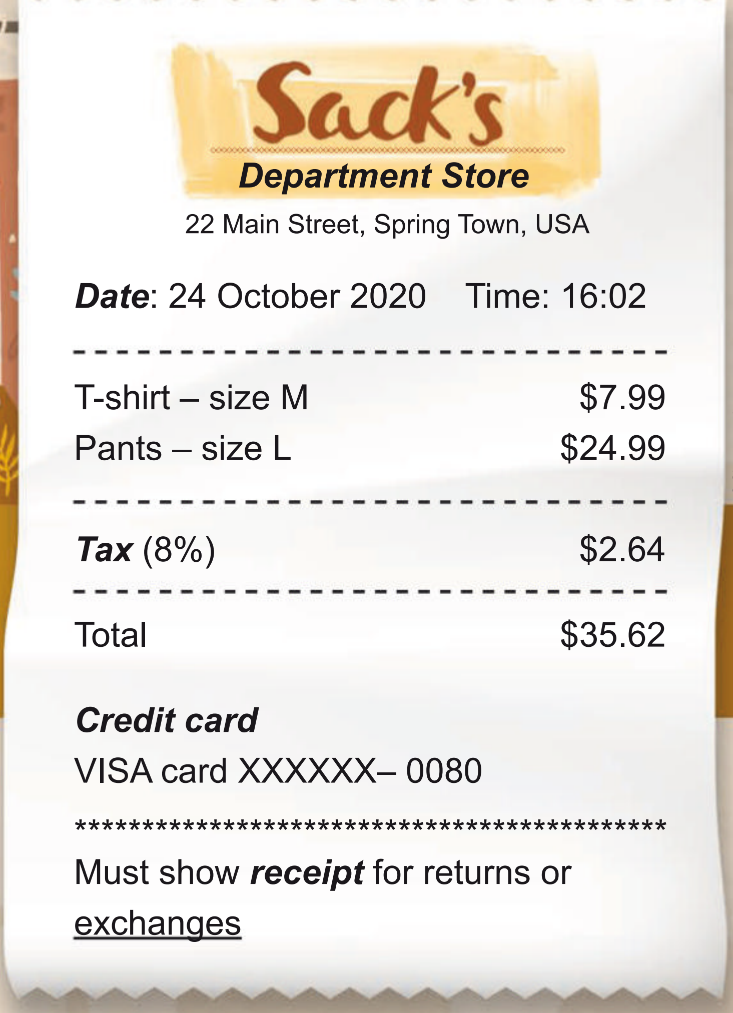
Alice: I think so.

Grammar Point

These pants.

褲子有兩條褲管，故為複數，常以複數形態存在的衣物有 shorts 短褲、socks 襪子、gloves 手套等，常以 a pair of「一雙」修飾：

- This shirt will match those pants nicely.
  這件襯衫和那條褲子會很搭。
- I need a pair of new pants. My old ones are too tight.
  我需要一條新褲子，舊的太緊了。



Sack's

Department Store

22 Main Street, Spring Town, USA

Date: 24 October 2020 Time: 16:02

T-shirt – size M	$7.99
Pants – size L	$24.99
Tax (8%)	$2.64
Total	$35.62

Credit card

VISA card XXXXXX– 0080

Must show ***receipt*** for returns or exchanges

© Shutterstock.com

Conversation B

Susie: You need a receipt for a return or exchange.

Alice: I know. I have it. See?

Susie: That's good. Does it have the ***date***?

Alice: Yes, it is from two days ago.

Susie: Does the store have blue pants?

Alice: It might.

Susie: Did you use cash or ***credit card***?

Alice: Credit card.

Susie How much is the ***tax***?

Alice: It's 8%.

Questions

1. What is Alice returning?
2. Do you keep receipts?

Key Words

department store (n) [dɪˊpɑrtmənt][stɔr] 百貨公司
Kenny shops at the ***department store****.*

date (n) [det] 日期
What is today's ***date****?*

tax (n) [tæks] 稅；稅款
There is no ***tax*** *here.*

credit card (n) [ˊkrɛdɪt][kɑrd] 信用卡
How many ***credit cards*** *do you have?*

receipt (n) [rɪˊsit] 收據
Get a ***receipt****.*

More Information

exchange (n) [ɪksˊtʃendʒ] 退換貨；交換

Use It!

. . . is from two days ago.

- That food is from two days ago.
- This cut is from two days ago.

Write your own!

ACTIVITY

Look at the receipt and answer the questions.

1. How much do the pants cost with tax?
2. What kind of credit card does Alice have?
3. What size pants does Alice wear?
4. What store is this from?
5. What do you need for an exchange?

****

(Answers on page 74.)

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我看完妙妙書
【以斯帖 勇敢有智慧的王后】
的故事後，我學到：
作正確的事情時，
要堅持下去，不能放棄！
小三 Christopher

看妙妙書，讓我有
信心做困難的事情。
4歲 哈而

我和我弟都超愛看妙妙書的，
我們都會唱主題歌。
每次看都很感動，
因為耶穌最後都會贏
小一 Lee

超級妙妙書是我看過最炫、
最酷的聖經故事了
小六 Jason

我看到耶穌復活的故事時，
覺得最後耶穌復活讓我好感動，
妙妙書好好看！
小二 樂昕

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For Dogs Only

◆ **by Ruth Devlin** / PAGE DESIGN BY MARIA CHEN

27 ★★

Many people have dogs for ***pets***. Some are big dogs, and some are small dogs. Owners often don't want to ***bathe*** their dogs or cut their ***hair***. They take their pets to a groomer. The groomer bathes the dog and cuts or trims its hair. The groomer makes the pet look and ***smell*** good. Groomers also clean pets' ***ears***. They trim their nails. Some groomers even paint dogs' nails and color their hair. Groomers keep pets looking their best.

© Shutterstock.com (X2)

Conversation A

(in the Jungle Café)

Susie: Oh, I have to go, James.
James: Where are you going?
Susie: I'm going to pick up my dog. He's with the groomer.
James: Do you take him to the groomer often?
Susie: Yes, I take him about once a month. I like to take good care of my ***pets***.
James: That's good.
Susie: Yes. The groomer ***bathes*** him and cuts his ***hair***.
James: So you don't have to!

Grammar Point

I'm going to pick up my dog.

片語動詞 pick up 在本句意為「用汽車搭載某人或接送某人」，是可分雙字片語動詞，如果接的人是代名詞，pick up 就可以分開來：

- I will pick up a friend at the airport.
  我會開車去機場去接朋友。
- He'll pick you up outside the library.
  他會在圖書館外接你。

Conversation B

Susie: Toby always looks great when he comes home from the groomer.
James: He probably ***smells*** good, too!
Susie: He does. The groomer also cleans his ***ears*** and trims his nails.
James: Groomers do a lot.
Susie: Yes. Some groomers even paint dogs' nails and color their hair!
James: Really! That must look strange.
Susie: It does. Who would want a blue or pink dog?
James: Somebody must!

Questions

1. How often does Susie take her dog to the groomer?
2. Do you have a pet? What is it?

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28 ★★

People can't spend all day with their dogs. They work, so dogs are left at home. They may ***bark*** and bother people. Or they get ***bored*** and ***destroy*** things. So some people take their dogs to a pet daycare. At the daycare, dogs can play with ***toys*** and other dogs. They can take ***naps*** and enjoy treats. Worried owners can check the daycare's webcam. They can see their pets. They see their happy pets, and they are happy, too.

Conversation A

(in the office)

Alice: Good morning, Greg.

Greg: How are you, Alice?

Alice: Not very good. The girl next door left early this morning. And her dog started to ***bark***. It was still barking an hour later when I left.

Greg: Poor thing.

Alice: She should take it to a dog daycare. Then it can be with other dogs.

Greg: And it won't be ***bored*** and ***destroy*** things.

Alice: Yes. That can happen.

Conversation B

Greg: I wouldn't leave a dog home all day by itself.

Alice: I wouldn't, either. At a pet daycare, the dog can take ***naps*** and enjoy treats.

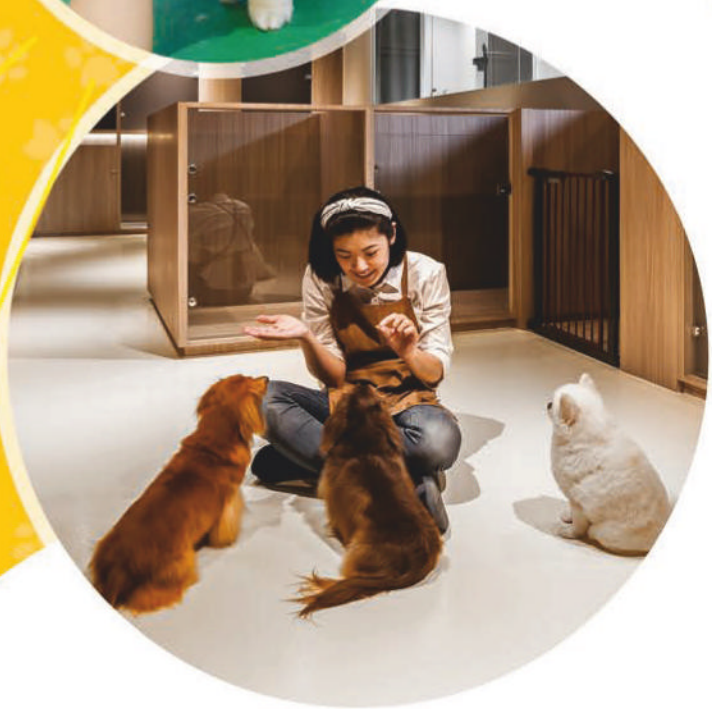
Greg: Dogs can play with ***toys*** or other dogs, too.

Alice: Some pet daycares have webcams. Owners can watch their pets play!

Greg: Then the owners are happy.

Alice: Because the dogs are happy.

Greg: The dogs get treats. So they are the happiest!



Questions

1. What can dogs do at a pet daycare?
2. Would you like a dog for a pet? Why or why not?

Grammar Point

I wouldn't, either.

副詞 either 意為「也」，用於否定句的附和，不能使用 too：

- A: I don't like stinky tofu.
  我不喜歡臭豆腐。
  B: I don't, either.
  我也不喜歡。

- A: Alisa won't be there tomorrow.
  愛麗莎明天不會去。
  B: I won't, either.
  我也不會去。

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Key Words

pet (n) [pɛt] 寵物
*Cats are wonderful **pets**.*

bathe (v) [beð] 洗澡（為…）
*She **bathed** her baby in warm water.*

hair (n) [hɛr] 毛髮，汗毛
*Remember to brush your **hair**.*

smell (v) [smɛl] 有…氣味，發出…氣味
*That cake **smells** really good!*

ear (n) [ɪr] 耳朵
*Elephants have big **ears**.*

bark (v) [bɑrk] 吠叫（狗、狐等）
*That dog is **barking**.*

bored (adj) [bɔrd] 感到無聊的；感到厭煩的
*I'm **bored**. What can I do?*

destroy (v) [dɪˊstrɔɪ] 毀壞，摧毀
*The dog **destroyed** the baby's blanket.*

toy (n) [tɔɪ] 玩具
*The children played with **toys**.*

nap (n) [næp] 打盹，小睡
*The baby is taking a **nap**.*

More Information

groomer (n) [ˊgrumɚ] 寵物美容師
trim (v) [trɪm] 修剪
daycare (n) [ˊde͵kɛr] 日托中心
webcam (n) [ˊwɛb͵kæm] 網路攝影機

Use It!

. . . always . . . when . . .

- Jack always eats a snack when he comes home from school.
- We always forget something when we take a trip.

Write your own!

____

I wouldn't . . . by itself / himself / herself / myself.

- I wouldn't go to a movie by myself.
- I wouldn't let the boy walk to the store by himself.

Write your own!

____

Travel in Turkey

29 ★★

◆ **by Ruth Devlin** / PAGE DESIGN BY VITALIA CHANG

Welcome to Turkey! Start your trip in the great city of Istanbul. Visit the Grand Bazaar. It's a big, old covered ***market***. You can buy ***almost*** anything there, but don't forget to bargain! Go inside the Blue Mosque. It's amazing! Hagia Sophia is another beautiful ***building***. It was the largest church in the world for almost 1,000 years. Now it's a museum.*

As you walk around, you'll get hungry. Sample some *manti*, or Turkish dumplings. They're filled with ***lamb*** or ***beef*** and topped with yogurt. Yum!

*It was turned into a mosque in July.

Conversation A

(in the Jungle Café)

Tina: Hi, Matt. What are you doing?

Matt: I'm thinking about taking a trip.

Tina: Fun! Where?

Matt: I'd like to go to Turkey.

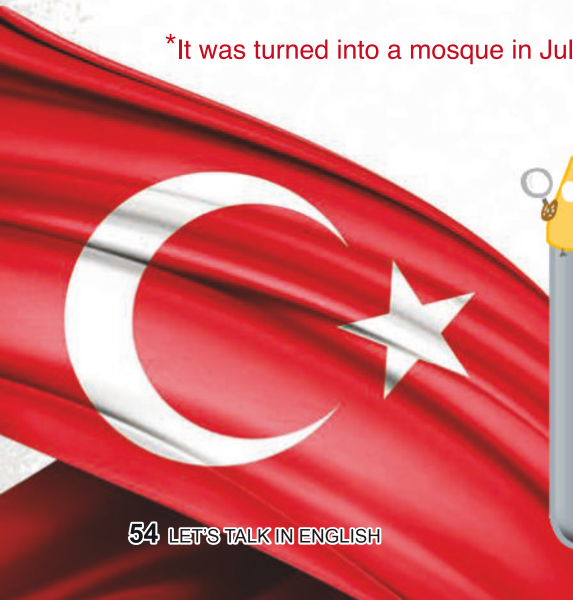
Tina: Why Turkey?

Matt: There are many beautiful things to see there. The city of Istanbul sounds amazing!

Tina: I know about the Grand Bazaar. It's a large covered ***market***.

Matt: Yes! You can buy ***almost*** anything there.

Tina: But don't forget to bargain!



Grammar Point

They're topped with yogurt.

動詞 top 意即「在…的上表面」裝飾：

- The pie is topped with ice cream.
  這派上放了冰淇淋。
- The mountains were topped with snow.
  這山頂被白雪覆蓋了。

KAPALICARŞI
GRAND BAZAAR

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Conversation B

Matt: There are also many beautiful ***buildings*** there.

Tina: Like what?

Matt: The Blue Mosque is amazing, and so is Hagia Sophia. It was the largest church in the world for almost 1,000 years.

Tina: Wow.

Matt: And the food sounds wonderful. I'd like to sample some *manti.*

Tina: What's that?

Matt: Turkish dumplings. They have ***lamb*** or ***beef*** in them. They're topped with yogurt.

Tina: Yum!

Questions

1. What shouldn't you forget to do in the Grand Bazaar?
2. Would you like to try *manti*? Why or why not?

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30 ★★★

Visit Cappadocia in Turkey. It is best known for its amazing ***landscape***. The rocks are many different ***shapes***. Thousands of years ago, people made houses, churches and even cities here in the rocks. Take a balloon ride for the best views.

In southwest Turkey, go see a place called "***Cotton*** Castle." Admire all the warm water pools. You can even go swimming!

On the southern ***coast*** of Turkey is Antalya. Enjoy its marvelous white beaches. Don't miss Lower Duden Falls. The water goes over a ***cliff*** and into the sea. There is so much to discover in Turkey!

Conversation A

(in the studio)

Greg: Welcome to the program, Trina!

Trina: Thank you, Greg. I want to tell you about Turkey.

Greg: Sure! I hear it's beautiful.

Trina: It is! I visited Cappadocia. The ***landscape*** is amazing!

Greg: What's it like?

Trina: The rocks are many different ***shapes***. Thousands of years ago, people built houses, churches and even cities in them. I took a balloon ride for the best views.

Greg: That would be a very cool view!

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Conversation B

Trina: I also visited a place called "***Cotton*** Castle."

Greg: Where's that?

Trina: It's somewhere in southwest Turkey. It has beautiful warm water pools on the side of a mountain.

Greg: Nice.

Trina: Then I went to Antalya on the southern ***coast*** of Turkey.

Greg: What did you see there?

Trina: Lovely beaches and Lower Duden Falls. The water goes over a ***cliff*** right into the sea.

Greg: Wow. As soon as I save enough money, I'm going to Turkey!

Questions

1. What did Trina see in Antalya?
2. Would you like to take a balloon ride? Why or why not?

Want to try something harder? Try *Studio Classroom*!

Grammar Point

It's somewhere in southwest Turkey.

名詞 southwest 為 south「南」和 west「西」兩個字的合併，意即「西南，西南方」，英文在表示「合併」的方位時，會把「南／北」放在前面，後面再放「東／西」：

- They have a house in southwest France.
  他們在法國西南部有一棟房子。
- We live in the Northeast of the USA.
  我們生活在美國東北部。

Key Words

market	(n)	[ˊmɑrkɪt]	市集；市場	*Did you buy anything at the **market**?*
almost	(adv)	[ˊɔl͵most]	幾乎	*It's **almost** time for dinner.*
building	(n)	[ˊbɪldɪŋ]	建築物	*Her office is in that **building**.*
lamb	(n)	[læm]	羔羊肉；小羊	*Max won't eat **lamb**.*
beef	(n)	[bif]	牛肉	*I want **beef** in my sandwich.*
landscape	(n)	[ˊlænd͵skep]	風景，景色	*Look at the beautiful **landscape**.*
shape	(n)	[ʃep]	形狀	*This card is in the **shape** of a heart.*
cotton	(n)	[ˊkɑtn̩]	棉，棉花	*My T-shirt is **cotton**.*
coast	(n)	[kost]	海岸；沿海地區	*Let's drive along the **coast**.*
cliff	(n)	[klɪf]	懸崖，峭壁	*They climbed to the top of the **cliff**.*

More Information

mosque	(n)	[mɑsk]	清真寺
yogurt	(n)	[ˊjogɚt]	優格

Use It!

I'm thinking about . . .

- I'm thinking about playing basketball.
- I'm thinking about going to a movie.

Write your own!

____

As soon as . . ., I'm . . .

- As soon as I finish my work, I'm going home.
- As soon as I get to town, I'm going to visit you.

Write your own!

____

OCTOBER 2020
GEPT Basic Reading Test

Multiple Choice
第一部份：詞彙和結構

1. Marianne will be the ___ girl in the school.
A. smart B. smarter
C. smartest D. most smart

2. This house also has a balcony, ___?
A. do it B. does it
C. don't it D. doesn't it

3. James wouldn't remove the wheel by ___.
A. myself B. yourself
C. himself D. themselves

4. A week later, they were ___ a good deal.
A. offer B. offers
C. offering D. offered

5. I explained ___ I didn't believe in monsters.
A. this B. that
C. these D. those

6. The teacher ___ me to bring a pumpkin to class.
A. ask B. is ask
C. asking D. asked

7. I love new houses. Tell me about your ___.
A. living room B. credit card
C. autumn D. vegetable

8. It's always good ___ old clothes.
A. repair B. repairs
C. repairing D. to repair

9. What were the ___ like?
A. suggests B. suggestions
C. suggesting D. suggested

10. They finish ___ they need to do.
A. what B. where
C. which D. when

11. That sounds ___. What a nice idea!
A. rude B. impolite
C. unlucky D. perfect

12. The daughter was standing ___ front of the cousins.
A. in B. on
C. the D. with

13. What is important to you ___ important to me.
A. maybe not B. may not be
C. may not D. maybe doesn't

14. As soon as we end the meeting, ___ going home.
A. I am B. I will
C. I have D. I can

Look for the answers to this month's questions on page 74.

CLOZE
第二部份：段落填空

(I)

Someone asks you for advice. What do you do? Listen to them. Don't __1__. Don't give your opinion. Try to __2__ their concern. Next ask questions. You can __3__ some ideas, too. But don't make decisions for them.

Be sure to be positive, too. Ask for their __4__ and ideas. What do they think they should do? Make a list and __5__ each possible idea. What is good about it? What is bad about it? This may help them decide.

(II)

Hiking is a great __6__ activity. It can be easy, or it can be difficult. It depends on the hiking trail. If the trail is __7__, hiking is hard work. If the trail isn't steep, hiking can be relaxing.

When you hike, bring half a liter of water for each hour of hiking. Take a __8__ in case it gets dark. Bring a rain jacket. It might rain. But check the weather before you leave. And __9__ an eye on the sky while you're hiking. If you see a storm coming, stop and go back. Before you leave, tell someone about your hike. And tell them when you're __10__ to return.

1. A. sell B. touch
C. interrupt D. destroy

2. A. understand B. understands
C. understanding D. understood

3. A. suggest B. suggests
C. suggesting D. suggested

4. A. cousins B. switches
C. objects D. thoughts

5. A. smell B. discuss
C. arrive D. catch up

6. A. weak B. thankful
C. bored D. outdoor

7. A. rude B. near
C. steep D. impolite

8. A. example B. flashlight
C. support D. thought

9. A. keep B. keeps
C. keeping D. kept

10. A. like B. likes
C. liking D. likely

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Reading Comprehension
第三部分：閱讀理解

People often say that a dog is man's best friend. That's because dogs have a special relationship with their owners. Dogs can be a lot of fun, but they can also be a lot of work. Dogs need exercise. Many dog owners take their dog for walks. But some owners do more. They want their dogs to learn some skills. So they take their dogs to a dog sports center.

Dog agility is a sport for dogs. In the sport, owners direct their dogs through an agility course. Owners use their voices and some hand signs to tell their dogs what to do. When dogs become really good at agility, owners can enter them in a competition. In the competition, dogs go through the course as fast as they can. The dog with the fastest time and the fewest mistakes wins.

1. Who would probably enjoy this article?
    A. Trina loves all kinds of pets.
    B. James likes to run on the weekend.
    C. Francis is working hard on her business.
    D. Albert enjoys reading about history.

2. What is this article mostly about?
    A. A hobby for people in special relationships.
    B. A fun activity for dogs and their owners.
    C. An interesting place to go on weekends.
    D. An amazing project for students and teachers.

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1919陪讀 愛心守護
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Translation 中文翻譯

These translations are for reference only.
本雜誌的中文翻譯提供文意參考，由於語言的差異，
請勿逐字逐句比對學習。

＊ 本雜誌翻譯內容皆由陳信宏翻譯

Nature

1 ★★

The Moon

皎潔月亮

在晴朗的夜晚抬頭仰望夜空，你可能會看見星星。不過，天空最大也最亮的物體必定是月亮，這是黑暗的夜空中最容易找到的東西。你可能會看到滿月、半圓月或是弦月。在新月的時候，則是完全看不見月亮。新月就是月球沒有受到陽光照射的時候。月球本身不會發光，只會反射太陽光。

會話A

（在辦公室）

蒂　娜：葛瑞格，今天晚上是滿月，你一定要到戶外去看。

葛瑞格：我也想，可是我們今天晚上看不到月亮。

蒂　娜：為什麼？月亮會是天空中最亮的物體啊。

葛瑞格：我知道，可是今晚會多雲，到時候會下雨。

蒂　娜：喔，真是可惜！滿月的月亮是那麼的美麗。

會話B

葛瑞格：月亮的光芒是反射太陽光來的！妳知道嗎？

蒂　娜：知道！所以，我們今天晚上一點都看不見月亮嗎？

葛瑞格：看不見，必須要有晴朗的夜空才看得到。

蒂　娜：喔。

葛瑞格：再過幾天，妳可能會看到弦月。

蒂　娜：希望如此，月亮真的很漂亮。

葛瑞格：星星也是。

蒂　娜：是啊，我喜歡欣賞夜空。

今日問題

1. 他們今天晚上為什麼看不見滿月？
2. 你想登上月球嗎？原因為何？

2 ★★★

世界上有許多關於月亮的故事。在中國的一則故事裡，一個名叫嫦娥的女子和丈夫過著快樂的生活。他們有一顆特別的藥丸可以讓他們長生不老，但是嫦娥卻自己吞下了一整顆藥丸，結果飄上月亮，而且必須永遠待在那裡。她和她的丈夫從此以後永遠無法相聚。在華人的中秋節，大家都喜歡講這則故事。

西方文化有個非常普遍的故事，指稱滿月會使人發狂。一旦發生奇怪的事情，有時大家就會說這是因為滿月的關係。

會話A

（在叢林咖啡館）

詹姆斯：愛麗絲，妳昨晚的中秋節過得開心嗎？

愛麗絲：很開心，我出門吃中國菜，也向一些朋友講了中國的月亮故事。

詹姆斯：是嫦娥和她丈夫的那個故事嗎？

愛麗絲：是，他們原本過著快樂的生活，但嫦娥吞下了一顆特別的藥丸。

詹姆斯：然後她就飄上了月亮。

愛麗絲：沒錯，現在她永遠都待在那裡。

會話B

詹姆斯：我可不想永遠待在月亮上！

愛麗絲：我也不想。

詹姆斯：西方文化也有關於滿月的故事，對不對？

愛麗絲：是。有一則故事說滿月會使人發狂。

詹姆斯：這個故事可能有些許的真實性。

愛麗絲：真的嗎？

詹姆斯：我在滿月的時候看過一些奇怪的事情，我自己也做過一些瘋狂的事情。

愛麗絲：呃，現在可別做任何瘋狂的事，滿月是昨天！

今日問題

1. 嫦娥為什麼飄上月亮？
2. 你見過最奇怪的事情是什麼？

How To

5 How to Fix a Flat Bicycle Tire

如何修補漏氣的自行車輪胎

一、把輪胎從自行車上拆下來。

二、把輪胎裡的氣全部放掉。

三、拉出內胎。

四、找出輪胎漏氣的原因。

五、用補釘把內胎的破洞補起來，或者換上新的內胎。

六、給內胎充進一些空氣。

七、把內胎放回外胎裡。

八、把輪胎打滿氣。

九、把輪胎裝回自行車上。

今日問題

1. 你要把輪胎打滿什麼？
2. 你會修理東西嗎？

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Activity

6 Take a Hike

出外健行

天氣很好，你又需要運動，何不出外健行呢？健行是一種很棒的戶外活動。健行可以走很容易的，也可以走很難的，這點取決於健行步道。許多健行步道都在山上。步道如果很陡，健行就是很辛苦的事情。你可能必須踏過岩石或者涉過溪流。如果步道不陡，健行就可以是很放鬆的事情。在健行的時候，你可以欣賞周圍的自然景色。

會話A

（在叢林咖啡館）

麥特：蘇希，妳會去健行嗎？

蘇希：有時候會啊。你要去健行嗎？

麥特：是啊，我要去珍珠山健行。

蘇希：真棒！

麥特：妳有興趣一起去嗎？

蘇希：那裡的步道會很陡嗎？

麥特：有一些路段很陡。

蘇希：那我可能沒興趣，我不喜歡難走的步道。

麥特：可是山頂上的風景很美，妳看。

蘇希：哇，真是漂亮！

會話B

麥特：所以，妳決定怎麼樣？

蘇希：健行絕對是很棒的戶外活動，可是……

麥特：我們會經過很美的巨大岩石。

蘇希：我必須爬上那些岩石嗎？

麥特：不用，但是我們可能必須涉水橫越一條溪流。

蘇希：聽起來很刺激。

麥特：確實很刺激！

蘇希：但不是很放鬆。

麥特：可是妳可以欣賞美景啊。

蘇希：的確。我會考慮看看，好嗎？

麥特：好。

今日問題

1. 麥特想去哪裡健行？
2. 你喜歡什麼種類的健行？

7
★★

健行的時候，要為每一個小時帶上半公升的水。準備指南針、防曬乳、防蟲劑、零食、一支手電筒、一件雨衣和一把刀。你如果遇到緊急狀況，就可能會需要這些東西。出發之前先查看天氣，健行的時候也要隨時注意天空。你如果看到暴風雨即將來臨，就要停止健行並且回頭。暴風雨在山區有可能會造成危險。在你出門健行之前，要向別人告知這項活動，並且讓他們知道你大概什麼時候會回來。

會話A

（在山上）

蒂　娜：葛瑞格，這次健行一定會很好玩。

葛瑞格：沒錯！妳帶的水夠嗎？

蒂　娜：我帶了兩公升。

葛瑞格：那樣應該夠了。每健行一個小時，需要喝半公升的水。

蒂　娜：我還帶了防蟲劑、零食、一支手電筒和一件雨衣。

葛瑞格：很棒。我還帶了一把刀和防曬乳。

蒂　娜：為緊急狀況預做準備總是好事。

會話B

葛瑞格：我會留意天空的狀況。

蒂　娜：萬一我們看到暴風雨即將來臨怎麼辦？

葛瑞格：那我們就回頭。暴風雨在山區有可能會造成危險。

蒂　娜：是，我知道。

葛瑞格：可是今天天氣應該很好。

蒂　娜：我們幾點會走完？

葛瑞格：我們可能下午兩點就會到家了。

蒂　娜：好。你有指南針嗎？

葛瑞格：有，指南針會很有用。

蒂　娜：太棒了！我們出發吧！

今日問題

1. 蒂娜帶了多少水？
2. 你去健行會帶什麼？

活動

請看以下表格並回答問題

懷特山公園健行步道路況

時間：早上6點 至 晚上9點

1. 哪一條步道會有美麗的風景？

2. 現在是下午六點，可以去走大山步道嗎？

3. 你想花少於兩個鐘頭健行，應該走哪一條步道？

4. 走哪一條步道可以看見鴨子？

5. 哪一條步道你必須注意安全？

Series

8
★★

Oliver Knows Cars

萬事通奧利佛——修車篇

一個星期六，奧利佛・沛籍的朋友凱蒂打電話給他，她聽起來很不開心。

「奧利佛，」她說，「我需要幫忙，你可以幫我嗎？」

「希望可以，」奧利佛答道，「有什麼問題嗎？」

「是菲利克斯，」凱蒂說，「他一直發不動。」

凱蒂有一輛可愛的小車，她稱之為菲利克斯，現在菲利克斯發動不了。

「他昨天還好好的，」凱蒂說，「我開菲利克斯去買了一些客廳要用的新檯燈。」

奧利佛主動提議說要過去看看菲利克斯。

「哦，你可以嗎？」凱蒂說，「那就太好了！」

「別太興奮了，」奧利佛說，「我對車子懂得不多。」

凱蒂並不意外。奧利佛沒有車，也不善於修理東西，但是他對於許多事情都擁有很多知識。

「我在幾個星期前看了一些關於汽車修理的書，」奧利佛說，「我等一下就過去。」

幾分鐘後，奧利佛與凱蒂看著菲利克斯。凱蒂上車轉動鑰匙，但完全沒有反應。

「請打開車前大燈。」奧利佛說

凱蒂打開菲利克斯的大燈，但是不太亮。

「你為什麼要我把大燈打開？」凱蒂問

「為了檢查菲利克斯的電池，」奧利佛答道，「車子發不動的時候，第一件事就要檢查電池。妳的電池看起來電力很弱。」

今日問題

1. 奧利佛在幾個星期前看了什麼書？
2. 你需要幫忙的時候，會找什麼人？

「你後車廂的燈是熱的，這樣表示你把後車廂關上之後，燈還是繼續亮著，」奧利佛說，「可是燈應該只有在後車廂打開的時候才能亮。」

奧利佛猜測後車廂的燈光開關故障了。

「也許你買的那些檯燈把開關撞壞了，」他說，「燈可能一直亮著，而把電池耗盡。我們去買個新的開關吧！」

今日問題

1. 奧利佛看著引擎的時候做了什麼事？
2. 你有什麼東西是靠電池供電？

9

★★★

奧利佛解釋說，電池沒有足夠的電力可以發動車子。

「可是電池的電力為什麼會這麼弱？」凱蒂問，「應該不會有這樣的問題，這顆電池才用了一年而已。」

「啊，這就是我們必須找出的問題了！」奧利佛答道

奧利佛看著菲利克斯的引擎，拉了拉幾條電線。

「奧利佛，你在做什麼？」凱蒂問

「我在找不良的電線，」奧利佛答道，「可是這些電線看起來都沒有問題。」

奧利佛坐上駕駛座，環顧了車內一眼。他打開車頂燈。如同大燈，車頂燈也不太亮。他又把燈關掉。

「人們有時候會把這個燈開著，」奧利佛對凱蒂說，「這樣經過一兩天之後，有可能會把電池耗盡。可是你沒有把這個燈開著。」

奧利佛下車走到車後，打開了後車廂。

「啊哈！」奧利佛說，「問題就出在這裡。」

「什麼？」凱蒂問

Language

12

★

Give Some Advice

提出建議

有人向你尋求建議，你該如何做？首先，詢問他們有什麼問題，然後聆聽回答，不要打岔。先不要提出你的意見，只要聽對方說話就好。試著理解他們的擔憂。接下來，再提出問題。你也可以提出一些點子，但不要幫對方做決定。讓對方考慮各種可能的選項。你可以說這樣的話：「也許你可以……」或者「試試看……」這樣可能會對他們有幫助。

會話A

（在辦公室）

麥　特：愛麗絲，我需要一些建議。
愛麗絲：麥特，沒問題。怎麼了？
麥　特：其實不是什麼大問題。
愛麗絲：把你的擔憂告訴我，這樣我才能夠了解。
麥　特：這個嘛，有個人很好的老太太住在我家隔壁。
愛麗絲：好，然後呢？
麥　特：她很愛烘焙，經常拿杯子蛋糕或瑪芬來給我。

愛麗絲：這不叫問題吧！
麥　特：不要打岔。
愛麗絲：對不起，請繼續說。

會話B

麥　特：可是我吃不完那麼多東西！妳有什麼建議？
愛麗絲：也許你可以告訴她這個情形。
麥　特：不行！我不能傷了她的心！妳還有其他什麼建議嗎？
愛麗絲：也許你可以把那些糕餅送給別人。
麥　特：也許。
愛麗絲：哦！帶到辦公室來嘛，你可以這樣試試看。
麥　特：好主意！我可以拿給詹姆斯和葛瑞格吃！
愛麗絲：沒錯！我也可以吃！

今日問題

1. 誰住在麥特隔壁？
2. 誰住在你隔壁？

13 ★★

聆聽別人說話非常重要，這樣別人才比較會信任你提供的建議。別忘了也要保持正面態度。要對別人還有他們做出良好決定的能力懷有信心。詢問他們的想法和點子，他們認為自己該如何做？你也可以提議一些點子。列出一份清單，討論每一項可能的想法。一項想法好在哪裡？不好在哪裡？這樣也許有助於對方做出決定。人們經常都知道正確的選擇是什麼，只是需要別人的支持而已。

會話A

（在攝影棚）
蘇　希：詹姆斯，你在想什麼？
詹姆斯：我必須做一個決定，我正在思考這件事情。
蘇　希：你想討論看看嗎？說不定我可以幫助你做出決定。
詹姆斯：呃，其實沒那麼重要，只是我的朋友邀請我加入他們的籃球隊而已。
蘇　希：這樣有什麼問題嗎？
詹姆斯：沒什麼問題。我喜歡打籃球，可是他們在球季期間每天晚上都要練球。

會話B

蘇　希：你有什麼想法？
詹姆斯：呃，我其實不想在六到八個星期的時間裡每個晚上都那麼忙。
蘇　希：那就拒絕嘛。
詹姆斯：可是我又喜歡和他們一起打球，我們一定能夠贏下很多場比賽。
蘇　希：可是這樣你們就必須常常練球。
詹姆斯：問題就在這裡！
蘇　希：嗯，你一定會做出正確的決定，這點我很確定。
詹姆斯：蘇希，謝謝妳的支持。

今日問題

1. 詹姆斯的朋友邀請他做什麼？
2. 你想加入運動隊伍嗎？哪一種運動？

活動

請用 “should” 或 “shouldn’t” 完成以下的例句
1. 你咳得很厲害，你 ________ 。
2. 現在都已經過了半夜，你 ________ 。
3. 明天是史考特的生日，我們 ________ 。
4. 她總是給你不好的建議，你 ________ 。
5. 你會考得不錯，你 ________ 。

Talk About It

14 ★★

Where's Paul?

保羅去哪裡？

安德魯和保羅都在冰淇淋店工作。他們不只是同事，也是朋友。今天，這兩個朋友一起工作。他們的上班時間是上午十一點半到下午四點半。安德魯和保羅在上午十一點十五分抵達冰淇淋店，他們的經理今天不在店裡，所以

安德魯和保羅自己開了店，他們把所有東西準備好。

十一點半，他們把門上的掛牌從「已打烊」翻轉為「營業中」。因為這一天很冷，所以他們預期不會有很多客人。

「嘿，安德魯，」保羅說，「你想去今天晚上的藍車演唱會嗎？」

「你有票嗎？」安德魯問

「還沒有，」保羅說，「但是有個朋友有多餘的票。」

「好啊。」安德魯說

「太好了！」保羅說，「我去請我的朋友把票留給我們。」

下午，保羅接到電話。他必須現在去拿票。他保證自己會很快回來，然後就離開了。

過了幾分鐘以後，突然間，經理衝了進來。

「我需要你和保羅立刻處理這份訂單！」經理說，「這件事很重要！」

經理環顧了店裡一眼。

「保羅在哪裡？我馬上要！」

安德魯很緊張。

他該怎麼說保羅去了哪裡？

今日問題

1. 安德魯和保羅在哪裡工作？
2. 你和你的同事是朋友嗎？

Culture

15 ★★ Don't Do That!

別那麼做！

你如果到別的國家，就應該遵循那裡的習俗。如果那裡的人認為某種行為不好或者沒有禮貌，那就不要做。在美國，詢問私人問題是不禮貌的行為。不要問別人幾歲或者收入多少，也不要問他們買某一個東西花了多少錢。

美國人也不喜歡使用「馬桶 toilet」一詞，而是使用「洗手間」或者「浴室」。其他不禮貌的行為，還包括插隊以及不尊重別人的個人空間。

會話A

（在叢林咖啡館）

詹姆斯：嗨，蒂娜，怎麼了？

蒂　娜：我剛剛在店裡排隊，結果有人在我前面插隊！真是沒禮貌！

詹姆斯：也許那個人不是本地人。

蒂　娜：呃？

詹姆斯：不同國家有不同的習俗。一種行為在一個地方可能沒問題，但在另一個地方就不行。

蒂　娜：的確。在亞洲，問別人幾歲沒有問題，但美國人認為這樣是不禮貌的行為。

詹姆斯：沒錯，這樣不禮貌。

會話B

蒂　娜：美國人也不喜歡私人問題。我們不會問別人：「你賺多少錢？」

詹姆斯：華人會這麼問，但這樣沒關係。

蒂　娜：的確，華人的習俗不一樣。

詹姆斯：美國人不喜歡「馬桶」這個字眼。我們不會說：「廁所在哪裡？」

蒂　娜：沒錯，我們會問「洗手間」或「浴室」。

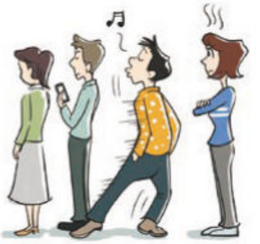
詹姆斯：美國人也不喜歡別人站得離他們太近。

蒂　娜：是啊，我們尊重別人的個人空間。

今日問題

1. 美國人不喜歡用什麼字眼？
2. 你會問個人問題嗎？原因為何？

註：通常在公共場所，用restroom代表「洗手間」，在家中則用「bathroom」。



16 ★★★

在一個文化裡算是有禮貌的行為，在另一個文化當中可能就不是如此。舉例而言，尼泊爾人絕對不會分食同一個盤子裡的食物。食物只要被一個人碰過，就會被認為是不潔淨，而不該讓別人吃。在印尼，在自己的盤子或碗裡留下沒吃完的食物是不禮貌的行為。把所有的食物吃完，才表示你對這頓飯心懷感激。在華人文化裡認為4是不吉利的數字，所以給別人東西不要給四個。此外，也絕對不要送時鐘當禮物，這樣也不吉利。

會話A

（在攝影棚）

葛瑞格：東尼・禁忌先生，歡迎來到節目上！

東　尼：葛瑞格，謝謝你。

葛瑞格：我們來談談其他文化與習俗。

東　尼：好。在一個文化裡算是有禮貌的行為，在另一個文化裡可能就不是如此。

葛瑞格：你可以舉幾個例子嗎？

東　尼：嗯，尼泊爾人不會分食同一個盤子裡的食物。食物只要被一個人碰過，就會被認為不潔淨。

葛瑞格：真的嗎！美國人經常互相品嚐彼此的食物。

會話B

東　尼：在印尼，在自己的盤子裡留下沒吃完的食物是不禮貌的行為。

葛瑞格：真的！為什麼？

東　尼：把食物吃完表示你對這頓飯心懷感激。

葛瑞格：這點很重要。

東　尼：在華人文化裡，4是一個不吉利的數字。

葛瑞格：真有趣。

東　尼：所以給別人東西不要給四個。

葛瑞格：我會記住這一點！還有呢？

東　尼：絕對不要把時鐘當成禮物送人。

葛瑞格：了解。

今日問題

1. 尼泊爾人不會做什麼？
2. 什麼行為在你的文化裡是不禮貌的？

Small Talk

19 ★

Who Is in Your Family?

你的家庭成員？

大多數人都有家庭，但家庭大小各有不同。有些很小，成員只有一或兩個家長和一個孩子，孩子可能是兒子或女兒。另外有些家庭很大，裡頭有許多孩子。你的家庭呢？你家中有多少成員？他們是什麼人？你的兄弟姊妹年紀多大？你們都在一起做什麼？找個人說說你的家庭。

會話A

（在叢林咖啡館）

詹姆斯：嗨，愛麗絲，那是什麼？

愛麗絲：哦，這是我家人的照片！

詹姆斯：跟我聊聊他們。

愛麗絲：好。這兩位是我的爸媽。

詹姆斯：妳媽媽看起來很親切。

愛麗絲：她的確是這樣。

詹姆斯：妳和妳爸長得好像！

愛麗絲：呃，我是他女兒嘛。

詹姆斯：是啊，你們的鼻子一模一樣。

愛麗絲：我的眼睛也和他的長得一樣。

會話B

詹姆斯：妳家裡的其他這些成員是誰？

愛麗絲：這兩個是我的姊妹，艾瑪和漢娜。

詹姆斯：妳是姊妹當中長得高的那一個。

愛麗絲：是啊。我姊妹的體型很嬌小，但她們都非常強壯。

詹姆斯：妳和她們親近嗎？

愛麗絲：很親近！我們年齡很近，所以有很多相似的地方。

詹姆斯：這樣很好。

今日問題

1. 愛麗絲有幾個姊妹？
2. 你家中有幾個成員？

20

你對你的家族有多麼熟？家族的成員包括祖父母、阿姨姑媽、叔叔伯伯和堂表兄弟姊妹。有些人經常和自己的家族成員見面，原因是他們住得很近。不過，許多人和自己的家族成員都只是一年才見一兩次面，他們只有在節日才會相聚。有些家族會舉行家族聚會，他們規畫一兩天共同相處。家族聚會是敘舊並了解大家的近況、認識新的家族成員以及分享故事的絕佳方式。

會話A

（在辦公室）

蘇希：麥特，你好嗎？

麥特：我很好！妳呢？

蘇希：我也很好。我阿姨剛寄了一份邀請函給我。

麥特：什麼的邀請函？

蘇希：家族聚會的邀請函！時間在明年春天。

麥特：聽起來很好玩。

蘇希：我們每年都會在我爸媽家附近舉行兩場家族聚會。

麥特：真不錯。我的家族每五年才聚會一次。

蘇希：這樣沒有很頻繁。

會話B

麥特：妳每次家族聚會都會去參加嗎？

蘇希：我盡量都會去。我喜歡和我的阿姨姑姑、叔叔伯伯、舅舅還有堂表兄弟姊妹見面。

麥特：這樣很好。你們的家族聚會是什麼樣子？

蘇希：我家族裡的每個人都會帶食物來，我們一面吃東西一面敘舊並了解大家的近況。

麥特：你們一定有很多東西可以吃！

蘇希：是啊，我的表姐安娜很愛煮東西。

麥特：而所有人都喜歡吃！

今日問題

1. 誰寄了家族聚會的邀請函給蘇希？
2. 你的家族會舉行聚會嗎？

活動

家族樹（族譜）

請看家族樹並回答以下問題

1. 請問約翰和瑪莉有多少位孫兒女？
2. 保羅是凱蒂的 ________ ？
3. 羅伯特是艾瑪的 ________ ？
4. 提姆是安的 ________ ？
5. 艾瑪是傑克的 ________ ？

Food

21 Fall Food and Drink

秋季飲食

秋天一旦來臨，大家就想吃秋季食物。他們一想到秋天，就會想到特定種類的食物。他們會找尋一切和南瓜有關的食物。大家會把這種廣受喜愛的蔬菜使用在菜餚和點心當中，包括南瓜湯、南瓜派和南瓜麵包。許多人在秋天也喜歡吃蘋果。他們經常會做蘋果派、蘋果醬和焦糖蘋果，這些全都是又甜又美味的點心，在家裡做也不難。你在秋天喜歡吃什麼？

會話A

（在辦公室）

麥特：嘿，蒂娜，妳在吃什麼？

蒂娜：我在吃蘋果醬，我今天早上做了一些。

麥特：真不錯。我小的時候，我媽在秋天總是會做蘋果醬。

蒂娜：我媽也是，而且她還會做南瓜派。

麥特：嗯，我愛南瓜派。南瓜派吃起來就有秋天的味道！

蒂娜：對不對？這下我真的想吃南瓜派了！

麥特：說不定妳晚一點可以烤一個。

蒂娜：說不定我會喔！

會話B

麥特：妳可以帶一些到辦公室來分給大家吃。

蒂娜：我一定會這麼做的。我也可以做些焦糖蘋果。

麥特：妳可以也做些南瓜麵包嗎？

蒂娜：我沒時間做那個。麥特，我可是有工作的人哪！

麥特：我知道，我只是很喜歡南瓜而已。

蒂娜：我也是，你可以用南瓜做好多東西。

麥特：是啊！南瓜是我最喜歡的蔬菜！

今日問題

1. 蒂娜在吃什麼？
2. 你最喜歡的秋季食物是什麼？

22

★★

秋天是喝熱飲的絕佳時刻，原因是天氣終於變涼了。在秋天，許多人都喜歡南瓜口味。南瓜香料拿鐵和南瓜香料茶都是很熱門的飲料，這些飲料添加了各式各樣的香料。許多咖啡店都只有在秋天才會賣這些南瓜飲品。等到秋季結束以後，你就必須再等上一年才買得到這些飲料。在秋天，大家也喜歡喝蘋果原汁。蘋果原汁就像蘋果汁，但含有一些香料。你最喜歡的秋季飲料是什麼？

會話A

（在叢林咖啡館）

愛麗絲：啊，這個太好喝了。

葛瑞格：愛麗絲，什麼東西真好喝？

愛麗絲：這杯熱蘋果原汁啊。

葛瑞格：我很愛在秋天喝熱蘋果原汁。

愛麗絲：是啊。現在終於冷得適合喝熱飲了。

葛瑞格：我也想點個飲料。我該點什麼？

愛麗絲：你應該點一杯南瓜香料拿鐵！

葛瑞格：南瓜香料拿鐵聽起來太完美了！

會話B

愛麗絲：糟糕，你看這裡，你今天喝不到南瓜香料拿鐵。

葛瑞格：為什麼？全部賣完了嗎？

愛麗絲：是啊，這種飲料在這個時節非常熱門。試試看南瓜香料茶吧。

葛瑞格：我不確定那個好不好喝。

愛麗絲：口味就像南瓜香料拿鐵，裡面加的香料是一樣的。

葛瑞格：我等明天再點拿鐵吧，現在我就來喝杯蘋果原汁。

今日問題

1. 愛麗絲一開始叫葛瑞格點什麼飲料？
2. 你喜歡什麼秋季飲料？

eReport

23

★★★

A Sport for Dogs

敏捷犬訓練

大家都常說人類最好的朋友是狗，這是因為狗和主人之間存在著一種特殊的關係。狗可以為人帶來許多樂趣，卻也可能為人帶來許多負擔。狗兒需要運動，許多狗主人都會帶狗去散步，但有些主人還會更進一步，他們希望自己的狗兒能夠學習一些技能，所以就帶狗兒去狗狗運動中心。

敏捷犬訓練是一種專為狗兒設計的運動。在這種運動當中，主人指示狗兒穿越敏捷運動場。主人利用自己的聲音和一些手勢告訴狗兒該怎麼做。狗兒一旦精通了敏捷運動之後，主人就可以為牠們報名參加比賽。在比賽當中，狗兒必須以最快的速度穿越賽場。以最快速度完成並且犯下最少錯誤的狗兒，即可贏得比賽。

要如何教導狗兒穿越敏捷運動場呢？主人必須分別教導每一種技能，然後狗兒和主人從一項技能接續到另一項技能一再反覆練

習。為了協助狗兒有良好表現，主人會以好吃的點心獎賞狗兒。狗兒只要按照主人的命令行事，即可得到美味點心。狗兒一旦熟練了運動場之後，就會在沒有點心的情況下從事那些技能。狗兒之所以做那些技能，是因為那樣很好玩！

今日問題

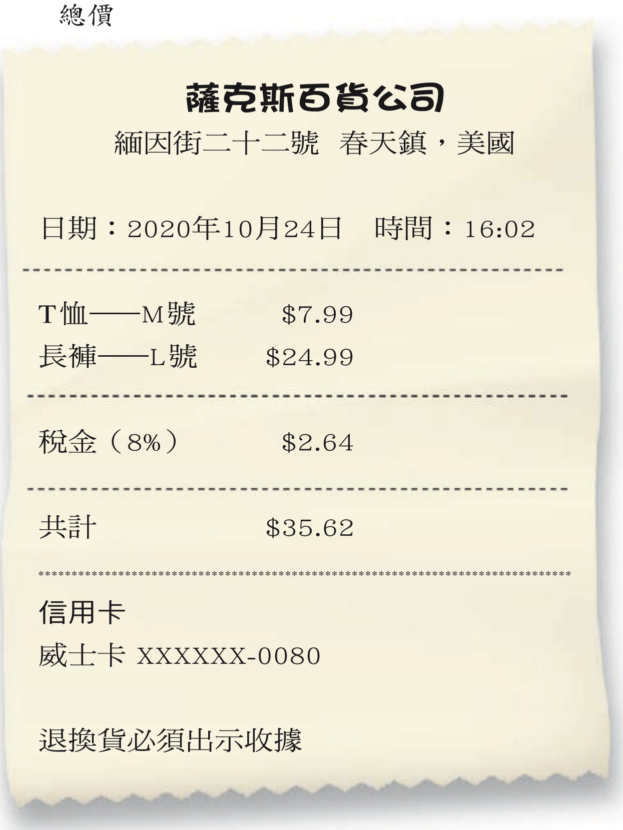
1. 狗兒需要什麼？
2. 你認為敏捷犬訓練會好玩嗎？原因為何？

Visual

26 ★ Do You Need a Receipt?

你需要收據嗎？

怎麼樣才算是有效的收據
商家名稱與地址／購買日期
購買項目／增值稅（如果有的話）
總價



薩克斯百貨公司
緬因街二十二號　春天鎮，美國

日期：2020年10月24日　時間：16:02

T恤——M號　$7.99
長褲——L號　$24.99

稅金（8%）　$2.64

共計　$35.62

信用卡
威士卡 XXXXXX-0080

退換貨必須出示收據

會話A

（在店裡）

蘇　希：愛麗絲，妳今天來百貨公司買什麼？
愛麗絲：我沒有要買東西，我是來退換貨。
蘇　希：妳要退什麼東西？
愛麗絲：這條長褲。
蘇　希：是尺寸不對嗎？
愛麗絲：不是。尺寸沒問題，可是我想要別的顏色。
蘇　希：妳不喜歡白色？
愛麗絲：我喜歡，可是我需要藍色的長褲。
蘇　希：妳有帶收據嗎？
愛麗絲：應該有。

會話B

蘇　希：退換貨需要有收據。
愛麗絲：我知道，我有帶。看到了嗎？
蘇　希：很好。收據上面有日期嗎？
愛麗絲：有，是兩天前的日期。
蘇　希：這家店有藍色長褲嗎？
愛麗絲：可能會有。
蘇　希：妳當初是付現金還是刷卡？
愛麗絲：刷卡。
蘇　希：稅金多少？
愛麗絲：百分之八。

今日問題

1. 愛麗絲要退換什麼東西？
2. 你會保留收據嗎？

活動

請看收據並回答以下問題

1. 這條褲子加上稅共多少錢？
2. 愛麗絲擁有哪一種信用卡？
3. 愛麗絲穿幾號的褲子？
4. 這是哪家店？
5. 你退換貨時需要什麼東西？

更正
LTE 8/21　p.41　Grammar Point
「過去完成式 Have you ever + p.p.」
應為「現在完成式」

Around Town

27 ★★ For Dogs Only

非愛犬勿近

許多人都養狗當寵物。有些是大狗，有些是小狗。主人通常不想為自己的狗兒洗澡或者剪毛，而是會帶牠們去找寵物美容師。美容師為狗兒洗澡，也修剪狗兒的毛，把寵物打理得又香又漂亮。美容師也會清潔寵物的耳朵，還有修剪指甲。有些美容師甚至會為狗兒塗指甲油，並且為牠們染毛。寵物美容師讓寵物展現出最美的一面。

會話A

（在叢林咖啡館）

蘇　希：哦，詹姆斯，我得走了。

詹姆斯：妳要去哪裡？

蘇　希：我要去接我的狗，牠在寵物美容師那裡。

詹姆斯：妳常帶牠去找美容師嗎？

蘇　希：是啊，我大概一個月帶牠去一次，我喜歡好好照顧我的寵物。

詹姆斯：這樣很好。

蘇　希：是啊。美容師會幫他洗澡還有剪毛。

詹姆斯：所以妳就不必自己動手！

會話B

蘇　希：托比每次從美容師那裡回來，總是看起來很帥氣。

詹姆斯：牠身上大概也很香！

蘇　希：沒錯。美容師還會清潔牠的耳朵、修剪牠的指甲。

詹姆斯：寵物美容師做得蠻多的。

蘇　希：是啊。有些美容師甚至會為狗兒塗指甲油，並且為牠們的毛髮染色！

詹姆斯：真的！那樣看起來一定很怪。

蘇　希：確實很怪，誰想要藍色或粉紅色的狗？

詹姆斯：一定有人喜歡！

今日問題

1. 蘇希多常帶她的狗去找寵物美容師？
2. 你有寵物嗎？是什麼寵物？

28 ★★

人們不能整天都陪著狗兒，他們必須工作，所以狗兒就被留在家裡。狗可能會吠叫而吵到別人，也可能因為無聊而弄壞東西，所以有些人會把自己的狗帶去寵物日托中心。在日托中心，狗兒可以玩玩具以及和其他狗兒一起玩。牠們可以睡午覺並且享用點心。主人如果擔心，也可以查看日托中心的網路攝影機，這樣他們就可以看到自己的寵物。他們看見自己的寵物過得開心，自己就也會跟著開心。

會話A

（在辦公室）

愛麗絲：葛瑞格，早安。

葛瑞格：愛麗絲，妳好嗎？

愛麗絲：不太好。住在隔壁的女孩今天很早出門，結果她養的狗就開始叫。等到我過了一個小時出門的時候，那隻狗還在叫。

葛瑞格：可憐的狗狗。

愛麗絲：她應該把狗帶去狗兒日托中心，這樣牠就可以有別的狗兒陪伴。

葛瑞格：而且也不會無聊而把東西弄壞。

愛麗絲：沒錯，那種情形有可能會發生。

會話B

葛瑞格：我不會一整天都把狗自己留在家裡。

愛麗絲：我也不會。在寵物日托中心，狗兒可以睡午覺，還可以享用點心。

葛瑞格：狗兒也可以玩玩具或是和其他狗兒一起玩。

愛麗絲：有些寵物日托中心有網路攝影機，主人就可以看他們的寵物玩耍！

葛瑞格：然後主人就會開心。

愛麗絲：因為他們的狗兒過得開心。

葛瑞格：狗兒能夠吃點心，所以牠們最開心！

今日問題

1. 狗兒在寵物日托中心可以做什麼？
2. 你想養狗當寵物嗎？原因為何？

Travel

29 ★★

Travel in Turkey

樂在土耳其

歡迎來到土耳其！從伊斯坦堡這座偉大的城市展開你的旅程。走訪大巴扎，那是一座有遮頂篷蓋的古老大市集。在那裡幾乎什麼東西都買得到，但可別忘了殺價！進入藍色清真寺參觀，那裡令人嘆為觀止！聖索菲亞大教堂是另一棟美麗的建築，在將近一千年的時間裡曾經是全世界最大的教堂。現在，那裡是一座博物館（註：七月起此地改為清真寺）。

你四處走動，一定會肚子餓。品嚐一些「曼提」，又稱為土耳其餃子，其內餡是羊肉或牛肉，然後淋上優格。真是美味啊！

會話A

（在叢林咖啡館）

蒂娜：嗨，麥特，你在做什麼？

麥特：我在考慮要去旅遊。

蒂娜：真好玩！你要去哪裡？

麥特：我想去土耳其。

蒂娜：為什麼是土耳其？

麥特：那裡有很多美麗的東西可以看。伊斯坦堡聽起來就是一座令人嘆為觀止的城市！

蒂娜：我知道大巴扎，那是一座有遮頂的大市集。

麥特：沒錯！幾乎什麼東西都可以在那裡買得到。

蒂娜：但是可別忘了殺價！

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會話B

麥特：那裡也有許多美麗的建築。

蒂娜：例如什麼？

麥特：藍色清真寺令人嘆為觀止，還有聖索菲亞大教堂也是。那座教堂在將近一千年的時間裡曾經是全世界最大的教堂。

蒂娜：哇。

麥特：還有食物聽起來也很棒。我想品嚐「曼提」。

蒂娜：那是什麼？

麥特：那是土耳其餃子，內餡是羊肉或牛肉，再淋上優格。

蒂娜：真美味！

今日問題

1. 在大巴扎不該忘了做什麼事？
2. 你想品嚐「曼提」嗎？原因為何？

30 ★★★

造訪土耳其的卡帕多奇亞，那裡最聞名的是令人讚嘆的風景。那裡的岩石有許多不同形狀。數千年前，居民在那些岩石裡建造房屋、教堂，甚至是城市。搭乘熱氣球可以獲得最棒的視野。

在土耳其西南部，去參觀一個叫做「棉堡」的地方。享受那些溫水池，你甚至也可以游泳！

安塔利亞位於土耳其南部海岸，享受那裡絕美的白色沙灘。不要錯過了下杜登瀑布，那裡的水從懸崖上流瀉到海裡。土耳其有好多美景等著讓人發現！

會話A

（在攝影棚）

葛瑞格：特莉娜，歡迎來上節目！

特莉娜：葛瑞格，謝謝你。我想跟你分享土耳其。

葛瑞格：沒問題！我聽說那裡很美。

特莉娜：確實很美！我走訪了卡帕多奇亞，那裡的風景令人嘆為觀止！

葛瑞格：是什麼樣的景色？

特莉娜：那裡的岩石有許多不同形狀。幾千年前，居民在那些岩石裡建造房屋、教堂，甚至是城市。我搭乘了熱氣球，欣賞最棒的視野。

葛瑞格：那樣的景觀一定很酷！

會話B

特莉娜：我還去了一個叫做「棉堡」的地方。

葛瑞格：那在哪裡？

特莉娜：那個地方在土耳其西南部，那裡的山坡上有許多美麗的溫水池。

葛瑞格：真不錯。

特莉娜：然後我又去了土耳其南部海岸的安塔利亞。

葛瑞格：妳在那裡欣賞了什麼？

特莉娜：美麗的海灘和下杜登瀑布，那裡的水從懸崖上直接流瀉到海裡。

葛瑞格：哇，等我存夠了錢，我一定要去土耳其！

今日問題

1. 特莉娜在安塔利亞欣賞了什麼？
2. 你想搭熱氣球嗎？原因為何？

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Activity Answers:

1. The Red Cliff Trail
2. No. (You don't have enough time.)
3. The Pine Trail or the Lake Trail
4. The Lake Trail
5. The Big Mountain Trail

(from page 19)

Activity Answers:

1. You should see a doctor.
2. You should turn down your music.
3. We should have a party.
4. You shouldn't listen to her.
5. You shouldn't worry so much.

(from page 27)

Activity Answers:

1. five
2. uncle
3. cousin
4. nephew
5. niece

(from page 37)

Activity Answers:

1. $26.99
2. A VISA card
3. (L) Large
4. Sack's Department Store
5. A receipt

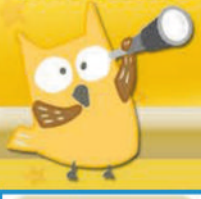
(from page 49)

GEPT Answers:

Multiple Choice:
1. C 2. D 3. C 4. C 5. B 6. D 7. A
8. D 9. B 10. A 11. D 12. A 13. B 14. A
CLOZE:
1. C 2. A 3. A 4. D 5. B
6. D 7. C 8. B 9. A 10. D
Reading Comprehension:
1. A 2. B

(from page 58-60)

OCTOBER 2020



KEY WORDS

PRACTICE THEM EVERY DAY 用簡單的生字說漂亮的英語

哈單字 App 雜誌同步

Oct. 16; 19

example (n)	[ɪgˊzæmpəl]	範例，實例
touch (v)	[tʌtʃ]	碰，觸摸
impolite (adj)	[ˏɪmpəˊlaɪt]	不禮貌的，粗魯的
thankful (adj)	[ˊθæŋkfəl]	感謝的；感激的
meal (n)	[mil]	(一頓) 飯， (一份) 餐點
unlucky (adj)	[ʌnˊlʌki]	不吉利的， 運氣不好的
size (n)	[saɪz]	尺寸；大小

Oct. 19, 20

parent (n)	[ˊpɛrənt]	父親或母親
daughter (n)	[ˊdɔtɚ]	女兒
member (n)	[ˊmɛmbɚ]	成員，一分子
age (n)	[edʒ]	年齡
aunt (n)	[ænt/ɑnt]	姑姑；阿姨；嬸嬸； 伯母；舅媽
cousin (n)	[ˊkʌzən]	堂 (表) 兄弟姊妹
near (adj)	[nɪr]	近的，接近的

Oct. 20, 21

twice (adv)	[twaɪs]	兩次
catch up (phr v)	[kætʃ][ʌp]	了解最新情況
autumn (n)	[ˊɔtəm]	秋天，秋季
pumpkin (n)	[ˊpʌmpkɪn]	南瓜
vegetable (n)	[ˊvɛdʒtəbəl]	蔬菜
pie (n)	[paɪ]	派，餡餅
bread (n)	[brɛd]	麵包

Oct. 22, 23

perfect (adj)	[ˊpɝfɪkt]	最恰當的，完美的
finally (adv)	[ˊfaɪnəli]	最後；終於
latte (n)	[ˊlɑte]	拿鐵咖啡 (加許多牛奶)
sell (v)	[sɛl]	賣
wait (v)	[wet]	等待，等候
owner (n)	[ˊonɚ]	主人；所有者
skill (n)	[skɪl]	技能，技巧

Oct. 23; 26

direct (v)	[dɪˊrɛkt]	指揮
course (n)	[kɔrs]	競賽場地；球場
separately (adv)	[ˊsɛpɚətli]	各自地；單獨地
department store (n)	[dɪˊpɑrtmənt][stɔr]	百貨公司
date (n)	[det]	日期
tax (n)	[tæks]	稅；稅款
credit card (n)	[ˊkrɛdɪt][kɑrd]	信用卡

Oct. 26—28

receipt (n)	[rɪˊsit]	收據
pet (n)	[pɛt]	寵物
bathe (v)	[beð]	洗澡 (為…)
hair (n)	[hɛr]	毛髮，汗毛
smell (v)	[smɛl]	有…氣味， 發出…氣味
ear (n)	[ɪr]	耳朵
bark (v)	[bɑrk]	吠叫 (狗，狐等)

Oct. 28, 29

bored (adj)	[bɔrd]	感到無聊的； 感到厭煩的
destroy (v)	[dɪˊstrɔɪ]	毀壞，摧毀
toy (n)	[tɔɪ]	玩具
nap (n)	[næp]	打盹，小睡
market (n)	[ˊmɑrkɪt]	市集；市場
almost (adv)	[ˊɔlˏmost]	幾乎
building (n)	[ˊbɪldɪŋ]	建築物

Oct. 29, 30

lamb (n)	[læm]	羔羊肉；小羊
beef (n)	[bif]	牛肉
landscape (n)	[ˊlændˏskep]	風景，景色
shape (n)	[ʃep]	形狀
cotton (n)	[ˊkɑtn̩]	棉，棉花
coast (n)	[kost]	海岸；沿海地區
cliff (n)	[klɪf]	懸崖，峭壁

本雜誌音標採用American Heritage Dictionary的美式發音，如字母y在雙音節或多音節單字之字尾，發音標示為[i]

KEY WORDS

OCTOBER 2020

PRACTICE THEM EVERY DAY 用簡單的生字說漂亮的英語

Oct. 23; 26

* The policeman is **directing** traffic.
* Follow the **course** to play the game.
* They arrived at school **separately**.
* Kenny shops at the **department store**.
* What is today's **date**?
* There is no **tax** here.
* How many **credit cards** do you have?

Oct. 26—28

* Get a **receipt**.
* Cats are wonderful **pets**.
* She **bathed** her baby in warm water.
* Remember to brush your **hair**.
* That cake **smells** really good!
* Elephants have big **ears**.
* That dog is **barking**.

Oct. 28, 29

* I'm **bored**. What can I do?
* The dog **destroyed** the baby's blanket.
* The children played with **toys**.
* The baby is taking a **nap**.
* Did you buy anything at the **market**?
* It's **almost** time for dinner.
* Her office is in that **building**.

Oct. 29, 30

* Max won't eat **lamb**.
* I want **beef** in my sandwich.
* Look at the beautiful **landscape**.
* This card is in the **shape** of a heart.
* My T-shirt is **cotton**.
* Let's drive along the **coast**.
* They climbed to the top of the **cliff**.

Oct. 16; 19

* Here is an **example** of the problem.
* Don't **touch** that. It will break.
* It's **impolite** to interrupt someone.
* I'm so **thankful** for your help!
* That was a wonderful **meal**.
* Jim is **unlucky**. He never wins anything.
* What is the **size** of the town?

Oct. 19, 20

* My **parents** are here.
* His **daughter** is 2 years old.
* There are four **members** in the band.
* What is the dog's **age**?
* Cathy's **aunt** is kind.
* Jerry and Monica are **cousins**.
* I live **near** the beach.

Oct. 20, 21

* I brush my teeth **twice** a day.
* Let's **catch up** another time.
* **Autumn** is a beautiful season.
* Look at that big **pumpkin**!
* Do you eat a lot of **vegetables**?
* Joe baked an apple **pie**.
* Let's eat some banana **bread**.

Oct. 22, 23

* What a **perfect** idea!
* My birthday is **finally** here.
* Sally buys a **latte** every day.
* We don't **sell** that here.
* **Wait** for the phone to ring.
* I am the **owner** of three cats.
* What **skills** do you have?

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